POWER PRODUCT Switchhoards

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## Distribution Switchhoards

## Type SB1, SB2 and SB3

## Product Description

Siemens modular front connected switchboard design provides a broad range of features and capabilities for a wide range of applications.

Every aspect of design of Siemens switchboards has been aimed at improving layout convenience, reducing installation costs and minimizing the impact and cost of changes to the system.

Siemens switchboards provide a rugged design and the flexibility necessary in electrical systems for all types of applications, some examples are:

- Commercial buildings
- Industrial plants
- Retail chain stores
- Health care facilities
- Hi-rise complexes



## Features \& Benefits

## Features

- Up to 4000 ampere main bus rating
- Up to 600 volts AC
- Bus bracing up to 100KAIC
- Tin plated aluminum bus, silver plated copper bus or tin plated copper bus
- Bussing can be temperature or density rated
- Type 1, Type 2, Sprinkler Proof and Type 3R enclosures
- Main and branch circuit breakers and fusible switches
- Thermal magnetic and solid state circuit breakers
- Surge protective devices
- Customer metering
- Utility metering provisions
- Ground fault protection on mains and distribution devices
- Busway and transformer connections
- Power monitoring on mains and branches


## Service Sections

Typical switchboards require one or more service main disconnects that feed one or more distribution sections. Service sections can be fed from overhead or underground, occasionally underground applications require that a pull section to be added to the switchboard lineup.

## Distribution Sections

All switchboard distribution sections can accommodate any combination of panel mounted or individually mounted circuit breakers or fusible switches. This modularity allows future system modifications to be made without adding switchboard sections.

## Front Accessibility

All Siemens switchboards are rear aligned and front accessible, enabling switchboards to be placed against a wall, while minimizing floor space requirements. Switchboards are standard rear aligned to minimize floor space requirements but can be front and rear aligned as an option.

## Rear Accessibility

Rear access is available as an option for when bus maintenance and cable entry and exit require access to the rear of the switchboard.

Front Connected Distribution Switchboard (Type SB2)

## Distribution Switchhoards

## Type SB1, SB2 and SB3

## Features \& Benefits (continued)

## Protective Devices

Thermal magnetic molded case circuit breakers can be supplied from 15 to 1200 amperes. Solid state (electronic) molded case circuit breakers are available from 30 to 1200 amperes. The solid state trip units provide finite trip setting adjustment, Modbus and Profibus communication along with many other features.

WL circuit breakers can be provided from 200 to 4000 amperes with solid state trip units.

For fusible applications VB and VK fusible switches can be supplied as branch devices.

## Power Monitoring

Power monitoring can be accomplished in both service and distribution sections with a wide array of power monitoring products. Digital and analog meters can be applied as well as branch circuit monitoring devices for tenant sub-billing or cost allocation applications. See section 8 of the Power Product Catalogue for further information on power monitoring devices.

## Surge Protective Devices

Siemens surge protective devices can be applied in switchboards to improve the electrical system's protection, safety and reliability. These devices can be applied in customer metering compartments in main service sections or can be panel mounted in auxiliary compartments in distribution sections. See section 9 of the Power Product Catalogue for further information on surge protection devices.

## Arc Flash Mitigation

Many arc flash mitigating features can be incorporated into switchboards. The WL breaker can be provided with Dynamic Arc Flash Sentry to allow for safer device settings when personnel are working near the switchboard. Also, breaker shutters, remote racking devices and infrared scanning windows can be supplied to further protect personnel from potential arc flash hazards.

## Busway and Transformer Connections

Busway and transformer incoming and outgoing connections can be provided in switchboards. For busway connections to the switchboard, bussing is provided up to where the busway enters the switchboard. Also, a cutout for the busway is provided to allow for quick connection of the switchboard to the busway. For transformer connections, flex connectors are supplied for close coupling the switchboard to the secondary side of the unit substation.

## Standards and Certifications

- UL891 (cUL)
- NEMA PB-2
- Seismically qualified
- CSA C22.2 No. 244


## Additional Information

For complete application and pricing information contact your local Siemens sales office.

For detailed configuration information consult the selection and application guide on the website.


Front Connected Distribution
Switchboard (Type SB2)

## Distrihution Switchhoards

## Type SB1, SB2 and SB3

## Individual Product lines

## SB1 Switchboards

Siemens SB1 switchboards have been specifically designed for applications where floor space is at a premium. The rear of all sections align so the switchboard can be installed against a wall. SB1 switchboards can contain main and branch protective devices and through bus ratings up to 2000 amperes and 600 Volts AC.

## SB3 Switchboards

Siemens SB3 switchboards are designed for custom options. SB3 switchboards can incorporate custom busway \& transformer connections, rear access, all types of utility metering provisions and many other options. No matter your need, Siemens SB3 switchboards can provide a solution.

## SB2 Switchboards

Siemens SB2 switchboards have been designed to be able to incorporate additional features. SB2 switchboards can have extra depth behind the bussing in each distribution section, can be front and rear aligned and can handle up to 4000 amperes and 600 Volts AC. These switchboards may also include insulated case circuit breakers, solid state molded case circuit breakers and density rated bussing.

## SB1 Switchboards

| Available Features | Device <br> Usage | Device Type |  | Ampere <br> Rating |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| - Individual or panel mounted mains | Main | Molded Case Circuit Breakers (MCCB) | $400-1200$ |  |
| - Individual or panel mounted branches |  |  |  |  |
| - Thermal magnetic MCCBs |  |  |  |  |
| - 2000A maximum main bus |  |  |  |  |
| - Front accessible |  |  |  |  |
| - Rear Aligned |  |  |  |  |
| - Standard Utility Metering Position | Branch | Molded Case Circuit Breakers (MCCB) <br> - Customer metering: digital \& analog meters <br> - 65KAIC interruption rating <br> - 65C Copper and Aluminum bussing <br> - Type 1,Type 2, Sprinkler Proof and Type 3R enclosures |  |  |

## SB2 Switchboards

| Available Features | Device <br> Usage | Device Type | Ampere <br> Rating |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| - All SB1 options | Main | All SB1 main devices |  |
| - 4000A maximum main bus | WL Insulated Case Circuit Breakers (WL) | Up to 4000 |  |
| - Electronic trip unit (solid state) MCCBs | Individual |  |  |
| - Density rated copper and aluminum bussing |  | All SB1 branch devices |  |
| - 100KAIC interruption rating | Branch | WL Insulated Case Circuit Breakers (WL) | Up to 4000 |
| - Standard Maintenance Mode DAS (Dynamic Arc Sentry) |  | Individual |  |

## SB3 Switchboards

| Available Features | Device <br> Usage | Device Type | Ampere <br> Rating |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| - All SB1 \& SB2 options | Main | All SB1 \& SB2 main devices | Mounting |
| - 4000A maximum main bus |  | WL Insulated Case Circuit Breakers (WL) | Up to 4000 |
| - 400KAIC interruption rating | Individual |  |  |
| - Rear accessible |  | All SB1 \& SB2 branch devices |  |
| - Custom busway and transformer connections | Branch | WL Insulated Case Circuit Breakers (WL) | Up to 4000 |

## Sentron ${ }^{\circledR}$ SMP Switchboards

## Construction Details

## Simplified system design.

A typical SMP switchboard consist of a floor mounted, wall supported service section, and a distribution section. The wireway can also be added where required by the local utility or if additional cable termination space is required.

## Wireways are modular to allow flexibility.

The wireway is available in 2 depths to suit customer needs. Wireway has split front doors as standard with optional hinged doors. The lug pads are standard NEMA hole pattern and accept up to 5 mechanical lugs or 6 compression lugs.

## $90^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ rated wireway.

The termination temperature for main incoming cables can be sized at $90^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for bussed pull sections.

## Service Entrance Sections house a variety of equipment.

- Service Entrance Sections.

Service sections can be fed directly from overhead by cable.
Service entrance sections equipped for bottom feed will accept cable from underground directly into the service section.

- Utility Metering

In addition to the main device, the service section contains utility metering provisions. "Cold" metering provisions
(CT's on the load side of the main device) are furnished. The CT's are provided by the utility company. The compartment will be built to utility company standards, with hinged doors and provisions for utility metering equipment.

- User Metering

The service section provides space for the Siemens Digital Meter with remote display, and it's associated components.

- Main protective device

The MCCB is mounted individually so that it can be located quickly in an emergency. SMP switchboards will accommodate different types of main circuit breakers. Selection depends on the characteristics of your individual electrical system.

## Construction

## Distribution Sections have ample wiring room and front accessibility.

 Generous top or bottom gutters have been created by locating the bus-link in the top or bottom of the distribution section, so there's ample room to run cables into the distribution section and make connections.Standard bolted covers allow complete access to load conductors. Future flexibility comes standard in the Siemens SMP switchboard. The distribution section can accommodate any combination of panel mounted devices, including MCCBs and fusible disconnect switches.

## Operating temperatures are in

 accordance with CSA StandardsBus bars are available in standard tin-finished aluminum or optional silver-finished copper. Standard bus is sized on the basis of heat rise criteria, in accordance with CSA C22.2 \#31. All bus bars are sized to limit heat rise to $65^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ above an ambient temperature of $40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$.

## Bus-Link Connections are accessible

 from the front.The Bus-Link can be bolted from the front of the switchboard. Each bus-link is attached by grade five bolts to assure solid joints between sections, and to maintain full bus ampacity through the joint.
To make installation and servicing of the bus-link easier, all phase and neutral busses are stacked one above the other.

## Cable Terminals

Screw mechanical connectors (lugs) are provided as standard equipment.


## Power and Distribution

## SMP Switchboard Introduction

Whether the design is for a 240 V AC, 400 ampere system; a 600V AC, 1200 A ampere system; or something in between, Siemens Sentron Switchboards should be considered. Every aspect of design has been aimed at improving layout convenience, reducing installation costs, and minimizing the impact and cost of system changes. These switchboards provide the space saving construction and service flexibility necessary in systems for light industrial plants, retail strip malls, and commercial buildings.

Service entrance sections of the SMP accepts a wide range of Sentron Molded Case Circuit Breakers as main disconnect devices.

The SMP switchboard is designed for special configurations. It can be equipped with incoming and outgoing cable/conduit connections, supplied with metering and other special features.

The distribution sections of all Sentron Switchboards are designed with improved wiring space and greater accessibility. They're also designed for easier installation and maintenance. Conveniently located bus-link without compromising useful wiring gutter space, and standard bolted gutter covers offer complete access to load conductors. Front accessibility to bus and protective devices makes adding or replacing circuit breakers or switches quick and easy.

## SMP Switchboard Features and Ratings

- Main bus rated up to 1200 ampere.
- Rear of all sections aligned so that switchboard can be floor mounted and secured against the wall.
- Front connected and front accessible.
- Main devices - individually mounted. Molded Case Breaker: 400-1200 amps.
- Branch Devices - panel mounted.

Molded Case Breaker: 15-1200 amps fixed. Quick-Make Quick-Break Fusible Switch: 30-600A

```
600 Volts AC Maximum 1200 Ampere Mains
1200 Ampere Maximum Branch
CSA Short Circuit Rating 65,000A IR Maximum
```

CSA Certified To: CAN/CSA-22.2 No. 31-18
CSA Certificate No. 70172996

SMP Specifications (Table 1)

| SMP Switchboard |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| EnclosureType | Type 1 <br> Type 2 (dripproof \& sprinklerproof) <br> Optional: Dripshield |
| Dimensions <br> Main or Distribution Wireway | $\begin{aligned} & 38^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{W} \times 90^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{H} \times 12.75^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{Dp} \\ & 24^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{W} \times 90^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{H} \times 12.75^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{Dp} \text { or } 25.5^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{Dp} \end{aligned}$ |
| Volts | 600V Max |
| Amperes | 400-1200A |
| BusType | Aluminum (tin plated) Copper (silver finished) optional |
| Bus Bracing | 50 KA <br> 65 KA (optional) |
| Interrupting Capacity | $50 \mathrm{KA} \quad 65 \mathrm{KA}$ (optional) |
| Entry | Cable only (top or bottom) |
| Main Device | MCCB 400-1200A <br> - 80\% Rated <br> - 100\% Rated (option) |
| Branch Devices (Unit Space) | $52.5^{\prime \prime}$ in Main with Distribution Section, or $22.5^{\prime \prime}$ in MUD Section, or 60 " in Distribution Section |
| Metering Devices | Siemens Digital Metering with Remote Display SEM3 Embedded Metering |
| Other Options | SPD Units <br> Sill Channels (1.5") <br> Lifting Hooks |

Main and Distribution Section Dimensions (Table 2)

| Switchboard Type | Access | Dimensions - Inches (mm) |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | H | W | D |  |
| SMP | Front | $90^{\prime \prime}(2286)$ | $38^{\prime \prime}(965)$ | $12.75^{\prime \prime}(324)$ |  |



## Sentron ${ }^{\circledR}$ SMP Switchboards

## Power and Distribution

## Protective Devices - Molded Case Circuit Breakers

## Standard

Breakers are designed for commercial, industrial, institutional and other heavy duty applications. They are rated up to 600V AC and 250V DC. Their interrupting ratings are higher than normal duty breakers.
High Interrupting
Breakers are designed for heavy duty applications where the interrupting requirements exceed the ratings of heavy duty breakers. They are rated up to 600V AC.

## Current Limiting

Molded case breakers incorporate the exclusive I-T-E blow-apart interruption principle. They meet the CSA requirements for current-limiting breakers. Current-limiting circuit breakers can limit the let-through $I^{2} t$ to a value less than the $I^{2} t$ of one-half cycle wave of the symmetrical prospective current without any fusible elements when operating within their current-limiting range.

## Main Breaker Selection (Table 3)

| Amperage Rating | Breaker Type | Trip Type | Maximum Interrupting Rating (kA) |  |  | Available Trip Values |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | 240V | 480V | 600V |  |
| 400 | JXD6 | Thermal Magnetic | 65 | 35 | 25 | 200, 225, 250, 300, 350, 400 |
|  | JD6 |  | 65 | 35 | 25 | 200, 225, 250, 300, 350, 400 |
|  | HJD6 |  | 100 | 65 | 35 | 200, 225, 250, 300, 350, 400 |
|  | HHJD6 |  | 200 | 100 | 50 | 200, 225, 250, 300, 350, 400 |
|  | CJD6 |  | 200 | 150 | 100 | 200, 225, 250, 300, 350, 400 |
|  | SJD6 | Electronic <br> (Solid <br> State) | 65 | 35 | 25 | 200, 300, 400 |
|  | SHJD6 |  | 100 | 65 | 35 | 200, 300, 400 |
|  | SCJD6 |  | 200 | 150 | 100 | 200, 300, 400 |
| 600 | LXD6 | Thermal Magnetic | 65 | 35 | 25 | 450, 500, 600 |
|  | LD6 |  | 65 | 35 | 25 | 250, 300, 350, 400, 450, 500, 600 |
|  | HLD6 |  | 100 | 65 | 35 | 250, 300, 350, 400, 450, 500, 600 |
|  | HHLD6 |  | 200 | 100 | 50 | 250, 300, 350, 400, 450, 500, 600 |
|  | CLD6 |  | 200 | 150 | 100 | 450, 500, 600 |
|  | SLD6 | Electronic (Solid State) | 65 | 35 | 25 | 300, 400, 500, 600 |
|  | SHLD6 |  | 100 | 65 | 35 | 300, 400, 500, 600 |
|  | SCLD6 |  | 200 | 150 | 100 | 300, 400, 500, 600 |
| 800 | MXD6 | Thermal Magnetic | 65 | 50 | 25 | 500, 600, 700, 800 |
|  | MD6 |  | 65 | 50 | 25 | 500, 600, 700, 800 |
|  | HMD6 |  | 100 | 65 | 50 | 500, 600, 700, 800 |
|  | CMD6 |  | 200 | 100 | 65 | 500, 600, 700, 800 |
|  | SMD6 | Electronic (Solid State) | 65 | 50 | 25 | 600, 700, 800 |
|  | SHMD6 |  | 100 | 65 | 50 | 600, 700, 800 |
|  | SCMD6 |  | 200 | 100 | 65 | 600, 700, 800 |
| 1200 | NXD6 | Thermal Magnetic | 65 | 50 | 25 | 800, 900, 1000, 1200 |
|  | ND6 |  | 65 | 50 | 25 | 800, 900, 1000, 1200 |
|  | HND6 |  | 100 | 65 | 50 | 800, 900, 1000, 1200 |
|  | CND6 |  | 200 | 100 | 65 | 800, 900, 1000, 1200 |
|  | SND6 | Electronic (Solid State) | 65 | 50 | 25 | 800, 1000, 1200 |
|  | SHND6 |  | 100 | 65 | 50 | 800, 1000, 1200 |
|  | SCND6 |  | 200 | 100 | 65 | 800, 1000, 1200 |

## Branch Breaker Gutter Dimensions

For 38"W Distribution Section (Table 5)


## Sentron® ${ }^{\circledR}$ SMP Switchboards

Power and Distribution
Branch Circuit Breaker Selection® (Table 4)

| Breaker Frame <br> Rating | Trip Type | Breaker Type | Poles | Trip Amperage | Mounting Height Inches (mm) |  |  | Max IC Rating (kA) |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  | Single | Twin | Gutter ${ }^{(5)}$ | 240V | 480V | 600 V |
| 100 | Thermal Magnetic | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline \text { BL } \\ \text { BLH } \\ \text { HBL } \\ \text { BQD64 } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 1,2,3 \\ 1,2,3 \\ 1,2,3 \\ 1,2,3 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $15,20,25,30,40,50,60,70,80,90,100$ $15,20,25,30,40,50,60,70,80,90,100$ $15,20,25,30,40,50,60,70,80,90,100$ $15,20,30,40,50,60,70$ | $\begin{aligned} & - \\ & \bar{Z} \\ & - \end{aligned}$ | $3.75(95)(23$ $3.75(95)^{2(23}$ $3.75(95)(23$ $3.75(95)(23$ | $14(356)$ $14(356)$ $14(356)$ $14(356)$ | $\begin{array}{\|l} \hline 10 \\ 22 \\ 65 \\ 65 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $-$ | $\begin{aligned} & - \\ & - \\ & - \\ & \hline 10 \end{aligned}$ |
|  | Ground Fault Circuit Interrupter | BLE (GFCI) BLF (GFCI) BLHF (GFCI) | $\begin{array}{r} 1,2 \\ 1,2 \\ 1,2 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 15,20,30,40,50,60 \\ & 15,20,30,40,50,60 \\ & 15,20,30,40,50,60 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\bar{Z}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 3.75(95)^{(2)} \\ & 3.75(95)^{(2)} \\ & 3.75(95)^{2} \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 14(356) \\ & 14(356) \\ & 14(356) \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 10 \\ & 10 \\ & 22 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | - | = |
|  | Arc Fault Circuit Interrupter | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline \text { BAF (AFCI) } \\ \text { BAFH (AFCI) } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | 1 <br> 1 <br> 1 | $\begin{aligned} & 15,20 \\ & 15,20 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | - | $\begin{aligned} & 3.75(95)^{(2)} \\ & 3.75(95)^{2} \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 14(356) \\ & 14(356) \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 10 \\ & 22 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $-$ | = |
| 125 | Thermal Magnetic | ED2 <br> ED4 <br> ED6 <br> HED4 <br> CED6 <br> NGB2 <br> HGB2 <br> LGB2 <br> $3 V A 41$ (SEAB) <br> 3VA41 (MEAB) <br> 3VA41 (HEAB) | $1,2,3$ $1,2,3$ $1,2,3$ $1,2,3$ 2,3 $1,2,3$ $1,2,3$ $1,2,3$ $1,2,3$ $1,2,3$ $1,2,3$ | $15,20,30,35,40,50,60,70,80,90,100$ $15,20,30,35,40,50,60,70,80,90,100,110,125$ $15,20,30,35,40,50,60,70,80,90,100,110,125$ $15,20,30,35,40,50,60,70,80,90,100,110,125$ $15,20,30,35,40,50,60,70,80,90,100,110,125$ $15,20,25,30,35,40,50,60,70,80,90,100,110,125$ $15,20,25,30,35,40,50,60,70,80,90,100,110,125$ $15,20,25,30,35,40,50,60,70,80,90,100,110,125$ $15,20,25,30,35,40,45,50,60,70,80,90,100,110,125$ $15,20,25,30,35,40,45,50,60,70,80,90,100,110,125$ $15,20,25,30,35,40,45,50,60,70,80,90,100,110,125$ | $3.75(95)(23$ <br> $3.75(95)(23$ <br> $3.75(95)(23$ <br> $3.75(95)(23$ <br> $3.75(95)(3)$ <br> $3.75(95)(23$ <br> $3.75(95)(23$ <br> $3.75(95)(2)$ <br> 3.7 <br> $3.75(95)$ <br> $3.75(95)$ |  | $10(254)$ $10(254)$ $10(254)$ $10(254)$ $7.61(193)$ $13.98(355)$ $13.98(355)$ $13.98(355)$ $13.98(355)$ $13.98(355)$ $13.98(355)$ | 10 65 100 100 200 100 100 100 65 85 150 | - -18 18 65 200 25 35 65 25 35 65 | - - 18 30 100 14 22 25 14 18 25 |
| 150 | Electronic (Solid State) | 3VA61 (MDAE) <br> 3VA61 (HDAE) <br> 3VA61 (CDAE) <br> 3VA61 (LDAE) | $\begin{array}{\|l} \hline 3 \\ 3 \\ 3 \\ 3 \\ 3 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 40,100,150 \\ & 40,100,150 \\ & 40,100,150 \\ & 40,100,150 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 5(127) \\ & 5(127) \\ & 5(127) \\ & 5(127) \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\left.\begin{array}{l}5 \text { (127) } \\ 5 \text { (127) } \\ 5 \\ 5 \\ 5 \\ 5\end{array} 127\right)$ | $9.59(244)$ $9.59(244)$ $9.59(244)$ $9.59(244)$ | $\begin{aligned} & 100 \\ & 100 \\ & 200 \\ & 200 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 35 \\ & 65 \\ & 100 \\ & 150 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 18 \\ & \hline 18 \\ & 22 \\ & 35 \\ & 50 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |
| 225 | Thermal Magnetic | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline \text { QR2 } \\ \text { QRH2 } \\ \text { HQR2 } \\ \text { HQR2H } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 2,3 \\ & 2,3 \\ & 2,3 \\ & 2,3 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $100,110,125,150,175,200,225$ $100,110,125,150,175,200,225$ $100,110,125,150,175,200,225$ $100,110,125,150,175,200,225$ | $5(127)$ $5(127)$ $5(127)$ $5(127)$ | $5(127)$ 5 (127) $5(127)$ $5(127)$ | $8.75(222)$ $8.75(222)$ $8.75(222)$ $8.75(222)$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 10 \\ 25 \\ 65 \\ 100 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $-$ | $\begin{aligned} & - \\ & = \\ & = \end{aligned}$ |
| 250 | Thermal Magnetic | FXD6, FD6 HFD6 CFD6 3VA52 (MFAS) 3VA52 (HFAS) 3VA52 (CFAS) | $\begin{aligned} & 2,3 \\ & 2,3 \\ & 2,3 \\ & 2,3 \\ & 2,3 \\ & 2,3 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $70,80,90,100,110,125,150,175,200,225,250$ $70,80,90,100,110,125,150,175,200,225,250$ $70,80,90,100,110,125,150,175,200,225,250$ $40,45,50,60,70,80,90,100,110,125,150,175,200,225,250$ $40,45,50,60,70,80,90,100,110,125,150,175,200,225,250$ $40,45,50,60,70,80,90,100,110,125,150,175,200,225,250$ | $5(127)$ <br> $5(127)$ <br> $5(127)$ <br> 5 <br> $5(127)$ <br> $5(127)$ | 5 (127) 5 (127) 5 5 5 5 5 5 (127) 5 5 $(127)$ | $8.25(210)$ $8.25(210)$ $11.76(299)$ $10.10(257)$ $10.10(257)$ $10.10(257)$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 65 \\ 100 \\ 200 \\ 85 \\ 100 \\ 200 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | 35 35 200 35 65 100 | 22 <br> 25 <br> 100 <br> 18 <br> 25 <br> 35 |
|  | Electronic (Solid State) | 3VA62 (MFAE) <br> 3VA62 (HFAE) <br> 3VA62 (CFAE) <br> 3VA62 (LFAE) | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 3 \\ 3 \\ 3 \\ 3 \\ 3 \\ \hline \end{array}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & 5(127) \\ & 5 \\ & 5 \\ & 5 \\ & 5 \\ & 5 \end{aligned}(127),$ | 5 (127) <br> 5 <br> 5 <br> 5 <br> 5 <br> 5 <br> 5 <br> (127) | $9.59(244)$ $9.59(244)$ $9.59(244)$ $9.59(244)$ | $\begin{aligned} & 100 \\ & 100 \\ & 200 \\ & 200 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 35 \\ 65 \\ 100 \\ 150 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 18 \\ & 22 \\ & 35 \\ & 50 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |
| 400 | Thermal Magnetic | $\begin{aligned} & \text { JXD6, JD6 } \\ & \text { HJD6 } \\ & \text { HHJD6 } \\ & \text { CJD6 } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 2,3 \\ 2,3 \\ 2,3 \\ 2,3 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $200,225,250,300,350,400$ $200,225,250,300,350,400$ $200,225,250,300,350,400$ $200,225,250,300,350,400$ | $8.75(222)$ $8.75(222)$ $8.75(222)$ $8.75(222)$ | $8.75(222)$ <br> $8.75(222)$ <br> $8.75(222)$ <br> - | $7.92(201)$ <br> $7.92(201)$ <br> $7.92(201)$ <br> $12(305)$ <br> $13.2(341)$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 65 \\ & 100 \\ & 200 \\ & 200 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 35 \\ 65 \\ 100 \\ 150 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 25 \\ & 35 \\ & 50 \\ & 100 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |
|  | Electronic (Solid State) | SJJ6 SHJJD6 SCJD6 NJG LJG | $\begin{array}{\|l} \hline 3 \\ 3 \\ 3 \\ 3 \\ 3 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 200,300,400 \\ & 200,30,400 \\ & 200,300,400 \\ & 250,400 \\ & 250,400 \end{aligned}$ | $8.75(222)$ $8.75(222)$ $8.75(222)$ $6.25(159)$ $6.25(159)$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline- \\ & - \\ & - \\ & 6.25(159) \\ & 6.25(159) \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 13.42(341) \\ & 13.42(341) \\ & 12(305) \\ & 8(203) \\ & 8(203) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 65 \\ & 100 \\ & 200 \\ & 65 \\ & 200 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 35 \\ & 65 \\ & 150 \\ & 35 \\ & 100 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 25 \\ & 35 \\ & 100 \\ & 25 \\ & 25 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |
| 600 | Thermal Magnetic | LXD6 LD6 HLD6 HHLD6 CLD6 | $\begin{aligned} & 2,3 \\ & 2,3 \\ & 2,3 \\ & 2,3 \\ & 2,3 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $450,500,600$ $250,300,350,400,450,500,600$ $250,300,350,400,450,500,600$ $250,300,350,400,450,500,600$ $450,500,600$ | $8.75(222)$ <br> $8.75(222)$ <br> $8.75(222)$ <br> $8.75(222)$ <br> $8.75(222)$ <br> $875(22)$ | - | $13.42(341)$ <br> $13.42(341)$ <br> $13.42(341)$ <br> $13.42(341)$ <br> $12(305)$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 65 \\ & 65 \\ & 100 \\ & 200 \\ & 200 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | 35 <br> 35 <br> 65 <br> 100 <br> 150 | 25 <br> 25 <br> 35 <br> 50 <br> 100 |
|  | Electronic (Solid State) | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline \text { SLD6 } \\ \text { SHLD6 } \\ \text { SCLD6 } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 3 \\ 3 \\ 3 \\ 3 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 300,400,500,600 \\ & 300,400,500,600 \\ & 300,400,500,600 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $8.75(222)$ $8.75(222)$ $8.75(222)$ | - | $\begin{aligned} & 13.42(341) \\ & 13.42(341) \\ & 12(305) \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 65 \\ & 100 \\ & 200 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 35 \\ 65 \\ 150 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 25 \\ & 35 \\ & 100 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |
| 800 | Thermal Magnetic |  | $\begin{aligned} & 2,3 \\ & 2,3 \\ & 2,3 \\ & 2,3 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $500,600,700,800$ $500,600,700,800$ $500,600,700,800$ $500,600,700,800$ |  | \|- |  | 65 65 100 200 | 50 50 65 100 | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 25 \\ 25 \\ 50 \\ 65 \\ \hline \end{array}$ |
|  | Electronic (Solid State) | $\begin{aligned} & \text { SMD6 } \\ & \text { SHMD6 } \\ & \text { SCMD6 } \end{aligned}$ | $\left\lvert\, \begin{aligned} & 3 \\ & 3 \\ & 3 \end{aligned}\right.$ | $\begin{aligned} & 600,700,800 \\ & 600,700,800 \\ & 600,700,800 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 10(254) \\ & 10(254) \\ & 10(254) \end{aligned}$ | - | $\begin{aligned} & 12(305) \\ & 12(305) \\ & 12(305) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 65 \\ & 100 \\ & 200 \end{aligned}$ | 50 <br> 65 <br> 100 | 25 <br> 50 <br> 65 |
| 1200 | Thermal Magnetic | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { NXD6 } \\ & \text { ND6 } \\ & \text { HND6 } \\ & \text { CND6 } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 2,3 \\ & 2,3 \\ & 2,3 \\ & 2,3 \end{aligned}$ | $800,900,1000,1200$ $800,900,1000,1200$ $800,900,1000,1200$ $800,900,1000,1200$ | $10(254)$ $10(254)$ $10(254)$ $10(254)$ | - | $\begin{aligned} & 13(330) \\ & 13(330) \\ & 13(330) \\ & 13(330) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 65 \\ & 65 \\ & 100 \\ & 200 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | 50 50 65 100 | $\begin{aligned} & 25 \\ & 25 \\ & 50 \\ & 65 \end{aligned}$ |
|  | Electronic (Solid State) | $\begin{aligned} & \text { SND6 } \\ & \text { SHND6 } \\ & \text { SCND6 } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3 \\ & 3 \\ & 3 \\ & 3 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 800,100,1200 \\ & 800,1000,1200 \\ & 800,1000,1200 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 10(254) \\ & 10(254) \\ & 10(254) \end{aligned}$ | $-$ | $\begin{aligned} & 12(305) \\ & 12(305) \\ & 12(305) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 65 \\ & 100 \\ & 200 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 50 \\ & 65 \\ & 100 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 25 \\ & 50 \\ & 65 \end{aligned}$ |

(1) Space includes housing frame plate with blank cover plate. Provision includes all necessary mounting hardware, less circuit breaker, and includes housing frame cover plate with breaker handle opening.
(2) 1 to 6 poles may be mounted in $3.75^{\prime \prime}$ (95) of unit space (5) Refer to Table 5 for layout dimensions. (3) Accessories such as shunt trips on three pole breakers require $6.25^{\prime \prime}$ (159) of unit space.
(4) Also 10 kA at $600 \mathrm{Y} / 347$ Volts.

## Sentron ${ }^{\circledR}$ SMP Switchboards

## Power and Distribution

## Protective Devices - Fusible Disconnects

## Fuse Selection

The Proper Fuse Type for the Application is Selected Using the Following
Parameters:

- Voltage Requirements
- Conductor Ampacity
- Horsepower Requirements
- Maximum Available RMS Fault Current
- CSA Fuse Class

Branch Switch Gutter Dimensions For 38W Distribution Section (Table 8)


Maximum VB HP Ratings (Table 6) ${ }^{(3)}$

|  | Volts |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Amp | $\mathbf{3}$ Phase |  |  | Single Phase |
| Rating | $\mathbf{2 4 0}$ | $\mathbf{4 8 0}$ | $\mathbf{6 0 0}$ | $\mathbf{2 4 0}$ |
| 30 | 7.5 | 15 | 20 | 3 |
| 60 | 15 | 30 | 50 | 10 |
| 100 | 30 | 60 | 50 | 15 |
| 200 | 60 | 125 | 50 | - |
| 400 | 50 | 50 | 50 | - |
| 600 | 50 | 50 | 50 | - |

Maximum VK HP Ratings (Table 9) ${ }^{3}$

| Amp | Volts |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\mathbf{3}$ Phase |  |  | Single Phase |
|  | $\mathbf{2 4 0}$ | $\mathbf{4 8 0}$ | $\mathbf{6 0 0}$ | $\mathbf{2 4 0}$ |
| 30 | 7.5 | 15 | 20 | 3 |
| 60 | 1.5 | 30 | 50 | 10 |
| 100 | 30 | 50 | 75 | 15 |
| 200 | 60 | 125 | 150 | 15 |

Branch Switch Connectors (Table 10) ${ }^{\circledR}$

| Switch <br> Ampere <br> Rating | Wire and Cable Range |
| :--- | :--- |
| 30 | (1)-\#14-\#4 AWG (Cu or AI) |
| 60 | (1)-\#14-\#4 AWG (Cu or Al) |
| 100 | (1)-\#10-\#1/0 AWG (Cu or Al) |
| 200 | (1)-\#6 AWG-350kcmil (Cu or Al) |
| 400 | (1)-\#1/0 AWG-750 MCM OR |
| 600 | (2)-\#1/0 AWG-250 MCM (Cu or AI) |
|  | (1)-\#1/0 AWG-750 MCM OR |
|  | (2)-\#1/0 AWG-250 MCM (Cu or AI) |

## Switch Interrupting Ratings

| Switch <br> Type | Interrupting Rating <br> (kA) |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\mathbf{2 4 0 V}$ | $\mathbf{4 8 0 V}$ | $\mathbf{6 0 0 V}$ |
|  | 200 | 100 | 100 |
| VK | 200 | 200 | 200 |

## Branch Switches 600V Maximum (Table 11)

| Rating Ampere | Max Voltage | Fusing | Mounting Height 38"W |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 30/30A \& 60/60A (VK) ${ }^{\text {( }}$ | 600 V | Class J | 6.25" (159) |
| 100/100A (VK) © | 600 V | Class J | 7.5" (190) |
| 200/200A (VK) ${ }^{\text {(5) }}$ | 600 V | Class J | 10.0" (254) |
| 30/30A \& 60/60A (VB) | 600 V | Class J | 7.5" (190) |
| 100/100A (VB) | 600 V | Class J | 7.5" (190) |
| 200A (VB) | 600 V | Class J | 10.0" (254) |
| 400A \& 600A (VB) | 600 V | Class J | 15.0" (381) |

Gutters (Table 12)

| Ampere <br> Rating | End Gutters <br> Minimum - <br> Inches (mm) | Side Gutters <br> Minimum- <br> Inches (mm) |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 400 | $12^{\prime \prime}(305)$ | $7.9^{\prime \prime}(201)$ |
| 600 | $12^{\prime \prime}(305)$ | $7.9^{\prime \prime}(201)$ |

Switch Accessories (Table 13)

| Fuse Pullers (VK) | Cat. No. |
| :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{3 0}$ or 60 Amp | FP2 |
| 100 Amp | FP3 |
| 200 Amp | FP4 |

## CSA Fuse Classes (Table 14)

| Class |  | Amperes | Volts (AC) | $\mathrm{I}^{\mathbf{t}} \mathrm{t}$, Ip (Let-Thru) | Circuits |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| H | Standard Code | 1-600A | 250 and 600V or less | $-$ | Less than 10,000A available |
| $\mathbf{K}^{\text {(1) }}$ | Fast Acting (One time) | 1-600A | $250 \text { and } 600 \mathrm{~V}$ or less | - | Feeder circuits |
| J | Fast Acting and Time Delay | 1-600A | 600 V or less | Ip and I2t-Low (motor load small \%) | Feeder circuits Motor circuits |
| RK1 | Fast Acting and Time Delay | 1/10-600A | 600 V or less 250 V or less | $\begin{aligned} & \text { I2t-Slightly > J } \\ & \text { Ip-Slightly > J } \end{aligned}$ | Feeder circuits Motor circuits |
| RK5 | Fast Acting and Time Delay | 1/10-600A | 600 V or less 250 V or less | $\begin{aligned} & \text { I2t-> RK-1 } \\ & \text { Ip-> RK-1 } \end{aligned}$ | Feeder circuits Motor circuits |
| $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline \mathbf{C} \\ \text { (FORM II) } \end{array}$ | Moderate Delay | 2-600A | 600 V or less | $\begin{aligned} & \text { I2t- < RK-5 } \\ & \text { Ip- < RK-5 } \end{aligned}$ | Motor circuits |
| T | Fast Acting | 1-600A | 300 and 600 V or less | I2t-Low Ip-Low | Non-motor loads |
| L | Fast Acting and Time Delay | 601-5000A | 600 V or less | I2t-Low motor loads | Feeder circuits Motor circuits |

[^0](3) Ratings are based on UL test procedure.
(4) Connector range applies to VB Switches only.
(5) Not suitable for use in distribution space in main section.

## Special Construction, Additions and Accessories

When required, special constructions or additions to standard Switchboards may be specified for all factoryassembled Power and Distribution Switchboards. Listed below are those available for Type SMP Switchboards.

1. Enclosure Type

38" Enclosure Types
Type 1
Type 2 (dripproof \& sprinklerproof) Optional: Dripshield

## 2. Wireway Options

| $24^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{W} \times 90^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{H} \times 12.75^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{Dp}$ | Hinged Door |
| :--- | :--- |
|  | Door Covers |
| $24^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{W} \times 90^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{H} \times 25.5^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{Dp}$ | Hinged Door |
|  | Door Covers |

3. Painted Finish

Touch-Up Paint (ASA61, Light Grey)
12 oz. aerosol can, Cat. \#TUP-61
4. Miscellaneous Accessories

Nameplate - laminated and engraved
5. Bus-Link (One Set Per Panel)

| Ampere <br> Rating | Unit Space Occupied in MUD - <br> Inches (mm) |
| :--- | :--- |
| $400-1200$ | Consult Factory |

6. Grounding of SMP Switchboard Non-Insulated Equipment Ground Bus Including Ground Lug Continuous Solid Copper Ground (optional)

## 7. Main Bus

| Standard Main bus and Neutral bus are <br> tin plated aluminum or silver finished <br> copper (option). |
| :--- |

## 8. Lugs

| For Main Device and Neutral |
| :--- |
| For Main Breakers please see SpeedFax |
| section \#6 |
| Neutral - please consult factory |

## 9.SPD Modules

| Sentron TPS3 05 |
| :--- |
| 100KA |
| 150KA |
| 200 KA |
| 250 KA |
| 300KA |
| Options: Surge Counter <br> Remote Monitor |

10. Circuit Breaker Accessories Handle Blocking Device
Blocks handle in either the "ON" or "OFF" position. Available for:

| Breaker Type | Cat. Number |
| :--- | :--- |
| BL, BLH, HBL, BQ, <br> BOH, HBQ | ECQL1 |
| All BQD, GB | BQDHBD |
| All QR | HPLQR |
| All BQD, NGB, NGB2, <br> HGB2, LGB2 | BQDHBD |
| All ED | E2HBL |
| All FD | FD6HB1 |
| AII JD, LD | JD6HBL |
| AII MD, ND, PD | MN6BL |
| 3VA52/61/62 | 3VA93780LB10 |

Padlocking Device - Padlocks in "OFF" position. Available for:

| Breaker Type | Cat. Number |
| :--- | :--- |
| BQ, BQH, BL, BLH, HBL | ECQLD3 |
| One Pole BL, BLF, BE, <br> BAF | ECPLD1 |
| Two-Pole BL, BLF, BE | ECPLD2 |
| All QR | HPLQR |
| All BQD, NGB, NGB2, <br> HGB2, LGB2 | BQDPLD |
| All ED | ED2HPL |
| All FD | FD6PL1 |
| All JD, LD | JD6HPL |
| All MD, ND, PD, RD | MN6PLD |
| 3VA41 | 3VA90380LB11 |
| 3VA52/61/62 | 3VA91380LB11 |

Handle Extensions - For replacement (one extension shipped with breaker)

| Breaker Type | Cat. Number |
| :--- | :---: |
| All MD, ND, PD | EX11 |

## Ground Fault Sensing Relay Kit Equipment Protection ( 30 mA )

| For Use with <br> Breaker Types | Number <br> of Poles | Catalogue Number <br> Description |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| ED4, ED6, <br> HED4 | $1,2,3$ | See breaker section <br> of this catalogue. |

## Shunt Trip on Main or Branch

| Description | Cat. Number |
| :--- | :--- |
| BL, BQD6 (branch only) | See breaker |
| ED2, ED4, HED4 (branch only) | portion of this |
| All others through 1200A | catalogue |

VK Switch For Use With FPP6 Panelboards (for 38"W sections)

| $30 / 30$ | VK23611JP | $6.25(159)$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $60 / 60$ | VK23622JP | $6.25(159)$ |
| $100 / 100$ | VK33633JP | $7.5(90)$ |
| $200 / 200$ | VK73644JP | $10(254)$ |

VB Switch For Use With VB6 Panelboards (for 38"W sections)

| $30 / 30$ | V7E3611JP | $7.5(190)$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $60 / 60$ | V7E3622JP | $75(190)$ |
| $100 / 100$ | V7E3633JP | $7.5(190)$ |
| 200 | V7F3604JP | $10(254)$ |
| 400 | V7H3605JP | $15(381)$ |
| 600 | V7H3606JP | $15(381)$ |

## A. Scope

Furnish and install, as shown on the plans, a secondary distribution switchboard, as specified herein, for the system indicated below:
$\square 120 / 208 \mathrm{~V}$
$\square 347 / 600 \mathrm{~V}$
$\square$ 3-phase
3-wire
600V

## B. Configuration

The switchboard enclosure shall be of bolted construction:
$\square$ Type 1 indoor.
Type 1 with dripshield (optional).
$\square$ Type 2.
Switchboard shall be bolted together to form one metal enclosed rigid switchboard. Switchboard shall include all protective devices and equipment as listed on drawings with necessary interconnections, instrumentation and control wiring. All groups of control wires leaving the switchboard shall be provided with terminal blocks with suitable numbering strips.
The switchboard shall have space or provisions for future expansion as noted on the plans. Switchboard shall be constructed and certified in accordance with CSA 22.2.31 standards and shall be Siemens type (SMP) or approved equal. Individual sections shall be front accessible, not less than $12.75^{\prime \prime}$ (324) deep, and the rear of all sections shall align.
Distribution sections shall be designed to accommodate the intermixing of Molded Case Breakers and Fusible Disconnects in the same distribution interior.

## C. Bus Requirements

The bus shall be $\square$ tin-finished aluminum $\square$ silver-finished copper (option) of sufficient size to limit the temperature rise to $65^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. The bus shall be braced for $\square 50,000$ or $\square 65,000$ (option) amperes symmetrical and supported to withstand mechanical forces exerted during short circuit conditions when directly connected to a power source having the indicated available short circuit current.

## D. Incoming Service

$\square$ Overhead or $\square$ Underground Service: Cable Entry
This section shall be bussed and sealable per local utility requirements.
$\square$ Screw-type mechanical lugs, compression lugs to terminate, $\square$ aluminum, $\square$ copper cable, shall be kcmil, and $\qquad$ cables per phase. $\square$ Main breaker standard aluminum mechanical lugs suitable for aluminum or copper. (No wireway)

## E. Metering Service Section

The service section shall be designed for the system parameters indicated in section " $A$ " above. The metering service section shall have a $\square$ Utility Metering compartment per utility requirements.
$\square$ User metering as indicated below and as shown on plans.
Main (service) section:
Siemens Digital metering with remote display


Ground fault Protection (3-Phase, 4-Wire):
Furnish and install on the service equipment and/or switchboard a Ground Fault protection system and indication equipment as specified herein and as shown on drawings in accordance with CEC Section 14-102.
All new Ground Fault Protection and Indication equipment shall be factory installed, wired and tested by the switchboard manufacturer.
F. Switchboard SMP Guide Specification

The complete switchboard shall be finished with light grey, ASA-61 paint.
Each switchboard main section shall have a metal nameplate permanently affixed to it, listing the following information:

- Name of manufacturer
- System voltage
- Ampacity
- Type
- Manufacturer's shop order number and date
- Each section of switchboard shall bear a CSA certification mark and a short circuit rating label.
The switchboard shall be per the arrangement below.


## F1. Switchboard Type Panel-Mounted,

## Front Accessible.

Switchboard shall be of Siemens SMP type, or approved equal. Individual sections shall be front accessible, floor mounted rear supported, not less than 12.75" (324) deep, and rear, of all sections shall align. Incoming line termination, main device connection and all bolts used to join current-carrying parts shall be installed so as to permit servicing from the front only so that no rear access is required. The branch devices shall be front removable and panel mounted with line and load side connections front accessible.

## G. Main Protective Devices

The main protective device, to be installed in the main device section, shall be as indicated below:

## G1. Molded Case Circuit Breaker

Molded case circuit breaker shall be of the quick-make, quick-break, trip-free,
$\square$ (standard) $\square$ (High Interrupting)
(Current Limiting) $\square$ (solid state
Sensitrip III) type.
It shall be $\bar{\square}$ frame $\square$ (3-pole)
$\square$ (240V) $\square$ (600V) breaker with a trip
current rating of:
$\square$ 400A, $\square$ 600A, $\square$ 800A, $\square$ 1000A ${ }^{(1)}$,
$\square 1200$ A $^{(1)}$ of an interrupting capacity
of not less than $\qquad$ amperes RMS symmetrical at the system voltage.
The following accessory options are to be included:

$\square$ Sh
$\square$
$\square$
$\square$
$\square$
$\square$
Shunt trip
Ground fault relay
Long time (Sensitrip III only)
Long time delay (Sensitrip III only)
Short time (Sensitrip III only)
Short time delay (Sensitrip III only)
Integral ground fault (Sensitrip III only)
$\square$ Other (list)

## H. Branch Protective Devices

(Select as necessary)
All molded case circuit breakers, and
fusible disconnect units used as a protective device in a branch circuit will meet the requirements of the appropriate paragraph below

## H1. Molded Case Circuit Breaker

Molded case circuit breakers shall be of quick-make, quick-break, trip-free $\square$ (thermal magnetic type) $\square$ (current limiting) $\square$ (solid state) with frame, trip and voltage rating, either $\square$ 2-pole or $\square$ 3-pole, as indicated on the plans. All breakers shall have an interrupting capacity of not less than $\qquad$ amperes RMS symmetrical at the system voltage. All breakers shall be removable from the front of the switchboard without distributing adjacent units. The switchboard shall have space or provisions for future units shown on the plans.

## H2. Current Limiting Circuit Breaker

Current limiting circuit breakers shall provide inverse time delay, instantaneous circuit protection, and also limit the letthrough $I^{2}$ to a value less than $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{t}}$ of one-half cycle wave of the symmetrical prospective current without any fusible elements. Breakers shall have an interrupting capacity of not less than ampere RMS symmetrical at the system voltage.

## H3. Fusible Disconnect

Fusible disconnects shall be quick-make, quick-break units utilizing the double-break principle of circuit rupturing to minimize arcing and pitting and shall conform to the ratings shown on the plans.
Each disconnect shall have an individual door over the front, equipped with a voidable interlock that prevents the door from being opened when the switch is in the ON position unless the interlock is purposely defeated by activation of the voiding mechanism. All disconnects shall have externally operated handles. Disconnects shall be equipped with $\square$ Class J (standard), $\square$ Class R rejection type, $\square$ Class L (standard), $\square$ Class T fuse holders as indicated on the plans suitable for application on system with amperes symmetrical available fault current.

## Fault-Current Calculation on Low- Voltage AC Systems

In order to determine the maximum interrupting rate of the circuit breakers in a distribution system it is necessary to calculate the current which could flow under a three-phase bolted short circuit condition. For a three-phase system the maximum available fault current at the secondary side of the transformer can be obtained by use of the formula:

$$
I_{s c}=\frac{k V A \times 100}{K V \times \sqrt{3} \times \% Z}
$$

## Integrated Equipment Short Circuit Ratings

The term "Integrated Equipment Short Circuit Rating" refers to the application of series connected circuit breakers in a combination that allows some breakers to have lower individual interrupting ratings than the available fault current. This is permitted as long as the series combination has been tested and certified by UL \& CSA.
Series ratings must be specified on order at time of entry. For more information on series ratings please consult your local Siemens sales representative.
$I_{S C}=$ Symmetrical RMS amperes of fault current.
kVA = Kilovolt-ampere rating of transformers.
$K V=$ Secondary voltage in kilovolts.
$\% Z=$ Percent impedance of primary line and transformer.

Normal load and Fault Currents of Three Phase Transformers ${ }^{\circledR}$ (Table 18)

| Trans- <br> former <br> Rating <br> 3 Phase <br> Kva and imped- <br> ence \%(1) | Maximum <br> Short-Circuit <br> Kva <br> Available <br> from <br> Primary <br> System | 208 Volts, 3 Phase |  |  |  | 240 Volts, 3 Phase |  |  |  | 480 Volts, 3 phase |  |  |  | 600 Volts, 3 Phase |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Rated Short-Circuit Current <br> Load RMS Symmetrical Amps. <br>   |  |  |  | Rated <br> LoadShort-Circuit Current <br> RMS Symmetrical Amps. |  |  |  | Rated <br> LoadShort-Circuit Current <br> RMS Symmetrical Amps. |  |  |  | Rated <br> Load <br> Contin- <br> uous <br> Current, <br> Amps | Short-Circuit Current RMS Symmetrical Amps. |  |  |
|  |  | Continuous Current, Amps | Transformer Alone | 50\% <br> Motor <br> Load <br> (2) | Combined | Continuous Current, Amps | Transformer Alone (2) | 100\% Motor Load | Combined | Continuous Current, Amps | Transformer Alone (2) |  | Combined |  | Transformer Alone | $100 \%$ <br> Motor <br> Load <br> (2) | Combined |
| $\begin{aligned} & 300 \\ & 5 \% \end{aligned}$ | 50000 | 834 | 14900 | 1700 | 16600 | 722 | 12900 | 2900 | 15800 | 361 | 6400 | 1400 | 7800 | 289 | 5200 | 1200 | 6400 |
|  | 100000 |  | 15700 |  | 17400 |  | 13600 |  | 16500 |  | 6800 |  | 8200 |  | 5500 |  | 6700 |
|  | 150000 |  | 16000 |  | 17700 |  | 13900 |  | 16800 |  | 6900 |  | 8300 |  | 5600 |  | 6800 |
|  | 250000 |  | 16300 |  | 18000 |  | 14100 |  | 17000 |  | 7000 |  | 8400 |  | 5600 |  | 6800 |
|  | 500000 |  | 16500 |  | 18200 |  | 14300 |  | 17200 |  | 7100 |  | 8500 |  | 5700 |  | 6900 |
|  | Unlimited |  | 16700 |  | 18400 |  | 14400 |  | 17300 |  | 7200 |  | 8600 |  | 5800 |  | 7000 |
| $\begin{aligned} & 500 \\ & 5 \% \end{aligned}$ | 50000 | 1388 | 21300 | 2800 | 25900 | 1203 | 20000 | 4800 | 24800 | 601 | 10000 | 2400 | 12400 | 481 | 8000 | 1900 | 9900 |
|  | 100000 |  | 25200 |  | 28000 |  | 21900 |  | 26700 |  | 10900 |  | 13300 |  | 8700 |  | 10600 |
|  | 150000 |  | 26000 |  | 28800 |  | 22500 |  | 27300 |  | 11300 |  | 13700 |  | 9000 |  | 10900 |
|  | 250000 |  | 26700 |  | 29500 |  | 23100 |  | 27900 |  | 11600 |  | 14000 |  | 9300 |  | 11200 |
|  | 500000 |  | 27200 |  | 30000 |  | 23600 |  | 28400 |  | 11800 |  | 14200 |  | 9400 |  | 11300 |
|  | Unlimited |  | 27800 |  | 30600 |  | 24100 |  | 28900 |  | 12000 |  | 14400 |  | 9600 |  | 11500 |
| $\begin{aligned} & 750 \\ & 5.75 \% \end{aligned}$ | 50000 | 2080 | 28700 | 4200 | 32900 | 1804 | 24900 | 7200 | 32100 | 902 | 12400 | 3600 | 16000 | 722 | 10000 | 1900 | 12900 |
|  | 100000 |  | 32000 |  | 36200 |  | 27800 |  | 35000 |  | 13900 |  | 17500 |  | 11100 |  | 14000 |
|  | 150000 |  | 33300 |  | 37500 |  | 28900 |  | 36100 |  | 14400 |  | 18000 |  | 11600 |  | 14500 |
|  | 250000 |  | 34400 |  | 38600 |  | 29800 |  | 37000 |  | 14900 |  | 18500 |  | 11900 |  | 14800 |
|  | 500000 |  | 35200 |  | 39400 |  | 30600 |  | 37800 |  | 15300 |  | 18900 |  | 12200 |  | 15100 |
|  | Unlimited |  | 36200 |  | 40400 |  | 31400 |  | 38600 |  | 15700 |  | 19300 |  | 12600 |  | 15500 |
| $\begin{aligned} & 1000 \\ & 5.75 \% \end{aligned}$ | 50000 | 2780 | 35900 | 5600 | 41500 | 2406 | 31000 | 9600 | 40600 | 1203 | 15500 | 4800 | 20300 | 962 | 12400 | 3900 | 16300 |
|  | 100000 |  | 41200 |  | 46800 |  | 35600 |  | 45200 |  | 17800 |  | 22600 |  | 14300 |  | 18200 |
|  | 150000 |  | 43300 |  | 48900 |  | 37500 |  | 47100 |  | 18700 |  | 23500 |  | 15000 |  | 18900 |
|  | 250000 |  | 45200 |  | 50800 |  | 39100 |  | 48700 |  | 19600 |  | 24400 |  | 15600 |  | 19500 |
|  | 500000 |  | 46700 |  | 52300 |  | 40400 |  | 50000 |  | 20200 |  | 25000 |  | 16200 |  | 20100 |
|  | Unlimited |  | 48300 |  | 53900 |  | 41800 |  | 51400 |  | 20900 |  | 25700 |  | 16700 |  | 20600 |

[^1]
## General



Whether the design is for a 240 V
AC, 400 ampere system; a 600V AC, 6000 ampere system; or something in between, Siemens Sentron Switchboards should be considered. Every aspect of design has been aimed at improving layout convenience, reducing installation costs, and minimizing the impact and cost of system changes. These switchboards provide the rugged construction and service flexibility necessary in systems for industrial plants, hi-rise complexes, hospitals, and commercial buildings, and are built to NEMA and CSA, C22.2 \#31 and EEMAC, G8.2 standards (up to 4000A).

## $90^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ rated wireway.

The termination temperature for main incoming cables can be sized at $90^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for bussed pull sections.

CSA Certified to: CAN/CSA-22.2 No. 31-18

## FCI Switchboard

- Main bus rated up to 2000 ampere.
- Branch Devices-panel mounted.
- Rear of all sections aligned so that switchboard can be installed against wall.
- Front connected and front accessible.
- Main devices-individually mounted or panel mounted. Molded Case Breaker: 400-1200 amps fixed.
- Quick-Make Quick-Break Fusible Switch: 800-1200 amps., fixed.
- Bolted Pressure Fusible Switch: 800-2000 amps., fixed.
- Low Voltage Power Circuit Breaker: 400-2000 amps fixed.
- Branch Devices: panel mounted only. Molded Case Breaker: 15-1200 amp., fixed.
- Quick-Make Quick-Break Fusible Switch: 30-1200 amps., fixed.


## FCII Switchboard

- Main bus rated up to 6000A ampere.
- Branch Devices rear connected individually mounted.
- Front and rear of all sections align. Design for mounting away from wall.
- Free Standing
- Rear connected and rear accessible.
- Main Devices-individually mounted. Molded Case Breaker: 400-1200 amps., fixed.
- Quick-Make Quick-Break Vacu-Break Fusible Switch: 400-1200 amps., fixed. Bolted Pressure Fusible Switch: 800-4000 amps., fixed.
- Low Voltage Power Circuit Breaker: 800-5000 amps., fixed or drawout.
- Branch Devices: individually mounted Molded Case Breaker: 100-2000 amp., fixed (or plug in).
- Quick-Make Quick-Break Fusible Switch: 100-1200 amp., fixed. Bolted Pressure Switch: 800-4000 amp., fixed.
- Low Voltage Power Circuit Breaker: 800-5000 amps., fixed, or drawout.
* 6000 amps - Consult Sales Office

CSA Certificate No. 70172994

## Construction Details

## Versatility simplifies system design.

## Service Sections

Typical switchboards consist of a service section, and one or more distribution sections. Service sections can be fed directly from overhead by either cable or bus duct.
When fed from underground, a separate pull section is usually added. The service section is then fed from the adjacent pull section.
Low Voltage Power circuit breakers and Vacu-Break Switches equipped for bottom feed will accept cable directly from underground into the service section

## Choose bussed or non-bussed pull sections.

With FCl and FClI switchboards, a nonbussed pull section, or a cross-bussed pull section for underground feed can be selected. The unique cross-bussed section permits cable to be run straight from underground to the bus bars at the top of the section.
Non-bussed pull sections have openings for carrying the underground feed cables to the service section bus.

## Main Section house a variety of equipment.

## Utility Metering

In addition to the main disconnect, the main section usually contains utility metering provisions. "Cold" metering provisions (CT's on the load side of the main disconnect) are normally furnished. When utility metering is required, the CT's provided by the utility company will be mounted in a completely separate compartment. The compartment will be built to utility company standards, with hinged doors and provision for utility metering equipment.

## User Metering

The main section often provides space for many user instrument requirements. Ammeters, voltmeters, and their associated selector switches can be mounted in the main section along with the main disconnect. Only if a very large instrument or an unusual number of instruments are required, would a separate section be required.

Main protective devices can be mounted individually so that they can be located quickly in an emergency. FC switchboards will accommodate different types of main protective devices. Selection depends on the characteristics of your individual electrical system.

## Distribution Sections have expanded wiring room and exceptional accessibility.

Generous top and bottom gutters have been created by locating through-bus in the rear centre of the distribution section. No obstructions are less than $8^{\prime \prime}$ (203) above the floor, and no live bus bars are located less than 10" (254 off the floor. So there's plenty of room to run cables into the distribution section to make connections.
Standard bolted gutter covers give complete access to load conductors. As an option, hinged doors can be furnished where quick access to load connectors is desired.
Heavy channels form a rigid ring at the base and top of each section and heavy gauge structural members are used for the vertical corner posts so there's no encroachment of additional bracing into the top and bottom gutter areas.
To provide additional room for load cable routing where needed, pull box extensions are available in heights of 10 (254), 15 (381), 20 (508), 25 (635) and 30 (762) inches to mount on any standard distribution section.
Top plates on all sections are easily removed in the field for drilling, punching, and cutting conduit entry holes.

## Distribution sections are designed with the future in mind.

Because all distribution sections can accommodate any combination of panel-mounted branch devices, including molded case circuit breakers, Vacu-Break ${ }^{\circledR}$ fusible switches, future system modifications are easier to handle without adding switchboard sections.

To make additional distribution sections easier to install when they are necessary the through-bus in each distribution section is extended, and the end is pre-drilled to accept splice plate bolts. To add a section to an existing FCI or FCII switchboard, set the new section flush against the side of the existing distribution section, and bolt together the bus bar splice plates.

## Operating temperatures are in accordance with CSA Standard C22.2 \#31 and UL Standard 891.

Bus cars are available in standard tin-finished aluminum or optional tin-finished copper. Standard bus is sized on the basis of heat rise criteria, in accordance with CSA C22.2 \#31 and UL891. All bus bars are sized to limit heat rise to $65^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ above an ambient temperature of $40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$.

## Modular, bolted frame construction saves labour.

Modular construction of all service and distribution sections allows the switchboard to be designed into the building, rather than designing the building around the switchboard. FCl and FCII switchboards can even be continued around corners where necessary. Rigid, bolted frames can be shipped individually and moved into the building in sections that are easy to maneuver without special equipment, then quickly assembled in place.

## Sentron ${ }^{\circledR}$ FCI, FCII Switchhoards

## Fel, FEll Switchhoards

General
Service sections of the FCl and FCII accept a wide range of Sentron Molded Case Circuit Breakers, Vacu-Break ${ }^{\circledR}$ Fusible Switches, or WL Low Voltage Power Circuit Breakers as main disconnect devices.

The FCII switchboard is designed for special configurations. It can be equipped with incoming and outgoing busway connections, automatic transfer schemes and many other custom engineered applications. The FCII can also be supplied with special metering provisions, current transformers, potential transformers, panelboards and many other special features.

The distribution sections of all Sentron Switchboards are designed with improved wiring space and greater accessibility. They're also designed for easier installation and maintenance. Conveniently located through-bus creates useful wiring gutter space, and standard bolted gutter covers offer complete access to load conductors.

|  | FCI | FCII |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Enclosure Type | Type 1 <br> Type 2 (dripproof \& sprinklerproof) Optional: Dripshield, Gaskets | Type 1 <br> Type 2 (dripproof \& sprinklerproof) Optional: Dripshield, Gaskets |
| Section Dimensions | $\begin{aligned} & 38^{\prime \prime} \text { W x } 90^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{H} \times 28^{\prime \prime} \text { Dp } \\ & 20^{\prime \prime} 24^{\prime \prime}, 32^{\prime \prime}, 38^{\prime \prime} \text { W Pull Bo } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 20 ", 25 ", 32^{\prime \prime}, 46^{\prime \prime}, 54^{\prime \prime} \\ \text { W x 70", } 90^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{H} \times \\ 28^{\prime \prime}, 38^{\prime \prime} 48^{\prime \prime}, 58^{\prime \prime} \text { Dp. } \\ 20^{\prime \prime}, 24 ", 32^{\prime \prime}, 38^{\prime \prime} \text { W Pull Box } \end{array}$ |
| Volts | 600V Max | 600 V Max |
| Amperes | 400-2000A | 400-6000A |
| Entry | Cable only | Cable, Duct Hydro Trough |
| Main Devices | MCCB 400-1200A <br> VB 800-1200A <br> Pringle 800-2000A <br> WL ICCB 800-2000A | MCCB 400-1200A <br> VB 400-1200A <br> Pringle 800-4000A <br> WL ACB 800-5000A (option) <br> WL ICCB 800-5000A |
| Branch Devices | $\begin{aligned} & \text { S5-22.5", 45", 65" } \\ & \text { CDP-7, P2 2-21" (MUD) } \end{aligned}$ | S5-22.5", 30", 45", 65", 75" |
| Metering Devices | Siemens Digital Metering with Remote Display | Siemens Digital Metering with Remote Display |
|  | SEM3 Embedded Metering | SEM3 Embedded Metering other manufactures Analog VB Meter centres |
| Relays | Single Phase, GFR3, MGFR, GFR | All Types |
| Other Options |  | Transfer switch provisions, Power Transformer Connections, Dist. Transformer Provisions Bus Duct Connections |

## Distribution Sections

| Switchboard Type | Access | Dimensions - Inches (mm) |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Height |  | Width |  | Depth |  |
|  |  | Std. | Opt. | Std. | Opt. | Std. | Opt. |
| FCI | Front | 90 | - | 38 | - | $28^{(1)}$ | - |
| FCII | Rear | 90 | 70 | 38 | 32 or 46 | $38^{(12)}$ | 28,48 , or $58{ }^{(12)}$ |



[^2](2) Distribution section with two high bolted pressure

## Sentron® ${ }^{\circledR}$ FI, FCII Switchhoards

Even the front, back and side covers of the FCl and FCII are light, easy-to-handle, formed steel pieces that fit flush to the cabinet sides. No heavy, unwieldy flat plate must be removed to gain interior access.

## Bus location saves wiring time.

All through-bus to adjoining sections are located in the rear centre of distribution section. This design provides large, unobstructed wiring gutters at the top and bottom of each section. Wiring takes less time, and costs less to install.

## Splice plates are accessible from the front.

All splice plates can be bolted and unbolted from the front of the switchboard to make connection of adjacent sections easy. Each splice plate is attached by grade 5 bolts to assure solid joints between sections, and to maintain full bus ampacity through the splice joint.

To make installation and servicing of the splice plates easier, all phase and neutral through-busses are stacked one above the other, eliminating the need to stuff bolts in between bus bars that are stacked one behind the other in the same horizontal plane.

## Two types of cable terminals are available.

Screw mechanical connectors (lugs) are provided as standard equipment on all devices. However, compression connectors are available as an option on all main lugs, main bolted pressure switches, main power circuit breakers, and main insulated case circuit breakers.

## Sentron® ${ }^{\text {FCI, }}$ FCII Switchhoards

## Specifications

## A. Scope

Furnish and install, as shown on the plans, a secondary distribution switchboard, as specified herein, for the system indicated below:


## B. Configuration

The switchboard enclosure shall be:
$\square$ Type 1 indoor of a bolted
construction design.Sprinkler ProofGasketted
$\square$ Type 2Dripshield

Switchboard shall be of the required number of vertical sections bolted together to form one metal enclosed rigid switchboard. The sides, top and rear shall be covered with removable bolted code gauge steel plates. Switchboard shall include all protective devices and equipment as listed on drawings with necessary interconnections, intrumentation and control wiring. All groups of control wires leaving the switchboard shall be provided with terminal blocks with suitable numbering strips.
The switchboard shall have space or provisions for future expansion as noted on the plans.
Switchboard shall be constructed in accordance with the latest EEMAC G8.2 and CSA 22.2 \#31 standards and shall be Siemens type (FCI) (FCII) or approved equal. Individual sections shall be front and rear accessible, not less than $28^{\prime \prime}$ deep, and the rear of all sections shall align.
Distribution sections shall be designed to accommodate the intermixing of Molded Case Breakers and fusible devices in the same distribution interior.

## C. Bus Requirements

The bus shall be (tin-finished aluminum) (silver-flash copper) of sufficient size to limit the temperature rise to $65^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. The bus shall be braced for $(50,000)$ $(75,000)(100,000)(200,000)$ amperes symmetrical and supported to withstand mechanical forces exerted during short circuit conditions when directly connected to a power source having the indicated available short circuit current.
The through-bus on the end section shall be extended and pre-drilled to allow the addition of future sections with standard splice plates.
Grade 5 bolts will be used at bus joints.

## D. Incoming Service

1. Underground Service: To isolate incoming underground service conductors, an underground cable pull or auxiliary section shall be used. This section shall be of the $\square$ non-bussed, $\square$ bussed type and shall be sealable per local utility requirements, $\square$ screw-type mechanical lugs, $\square$ compression lugs to terminate, $\square$ aluminum, $\square$ copper cable, shall be furnished as detailed on the plans.
2. Overhead Service:
A. Cable Entry
$\square$ screw-type mechanical lugs $\square$ compression lugs to terminate $\square$ aluminum $\square$ copper cable shall be furnished as detailed on the plans. Where necessary provide top cable pull box which shall be sealable per local utility requirements.
B. Busway Entry Switchboard to be fed by Siemens Bus duct $\square$ copper, $\square$ aluminum, ampere as detailed on plans, $\square$ and other sections of the specification. The switchboard manufacturer shall be responsible for coordination, proper phasing and internal bussing to the incoming busway.
C. Transformer Coupling $\square$

The switchboard shall be directly connected to the adjacent transformer section, including all necessary bus bars and flexible connectors.

## General/Guide

## E. Metering Service Section

The service section shall be designed for the system parameters indicated in section "A". The metering service section shall have a $\square$ metering compartment per utility requirements, $\square$ user metering as indicated below and as shown on plans.
Main bus:
$\qquad$
$\qquad$ -phase transfer switch $\qquad$ -phase
transfer switch
$\qquad$ current transformer(s) /5 or suitable rating potential transformer(s), of suitable rating.
$\square$ SEM3 Embedded Metering (Main Breaker/Main Incoming)
Branch circuits:
$\square$ Ammeter(s), with $\qquad$ -phase transfer switchSEM3 Embedded Metering

## Ground fault Protection:

Furnish and install on the service equipment and/or switchboard a Ground Fault protection system and indication equipment as specified herein and as shown on drawings in accordance with The Canadian Electrical Code Section 14-102.
All new Ground Fault Protection and Indication equipment shall be factory installed, wired and tested by the switchboard manufacturer.

## F. Switchboards FCI, FCII Guide Specification

The complete switchboard shall be phosphatized and finished with light grey, ASA-61 paint.
Each switchboard section shall have a metal nameplate permanently affixed to it, listing the following information:

- Name of manufacturer
- System voltage
- Ampacity
- Type
- Manufacturer's shop order number and date
- Each section of switchboard shall bear a CSA listing mark and a short circuit rating label.
- The switchboard shall be per the arrangement below (Select 1 of ITEM F)


## F1. Switchboard Type Panel-Mounted, Front Accessible.

Switchboard shall be of Siemens FCI type, or approved equal. Individual sections shall be front accessible, not less than 28" deep, and rear of all sections shall align. Incoming line termination, main device connection and all bolts used to join current-carrying parts shall be installed so as to permit servicing from the front only so that no rear access is required. The branch devices shall be front removable and panel mounted with line and load side connections front accessible.

## F2. Switchboard Type Panel-Mounted Rear Accessible

Switchboard shall be of Siemens FCII type, or approved equal. Individual sections shall be front and rear accessible, not less than 38 " deep, and both the front and rear of all sections shall align. The branch devices shall be front removable and panel mounted with line and load side connections front accessible. The bus and main device connections shall be rear accessible.

## F3. Switchboard Type Individually Mounted, Rear Accessible (Fixed mounted devices).

Switchboard shall be of Siemens FCII type, or approved equal. All sections shall align front and rear. All disconnect devices, main and feeders, shall be mounted individually at the front of the switchboard and shall be rear accessible. The load terminals of each feeder device shall be extended by means of insulated bus bars through the bus compartment in to the rear cable compartment.

## Optional

barriers shall be provided between bus and cable compartment.$\square$ barriers shall be provided between vertical sections.barriers shall be provided between devices and bus compartment.barriers shall be provided between individual devices.

## F4. Switchboard Type Individually Mounted Rear Accessible (Drawout Power Circuit Breaker).

Switchboard shall be of Siemens FCII type or approved equal. All sections shall be aligned front and rear. Each vertical section forming part of switchboard lineup shall have one or more individual breakers or instrument compartments, a centralized main bus compartment and a rear cabling compartment. Drawout power circuit breakers shall be individually mounted in their own compartments. Metal barriers shall be provided at the sides and rear of each compartment and a horizontal metal barrier between breakers in the same vertical section. The breaker shall be accessible through a hinged metal door on each breaker compartment.

The drawout mechanism of power circuit breaker shall be such that it can be moved from connect through test to disconnect position without opening the door. In the "connect" position, both the

## Guide Specifications

primary and secondary disconnects are engaged. In the "test" position, the primary disconnect terminals are disengaged; however, the secondary disconnects are maintained to permit the operation of the circuit breaker. In the "disconnect" position, the primary and secondary disconnects are disengaged and separated a safe distance from the corresponding stationary terminals. In the "fully withdrawn" position, both primary and secondary contacts are disconnected and the circuit breaker may be inspected as it can be removed for more complete accessibility.
The load side of each feeder breaker shall have bus bars extending from the rear of the primary disconnect through the bus compartment in to the rear cable compartment.

## Optional

$\square$ barriers shall be provided between bus and cable compartment.
$\square$ barriers shall be provided between vertical sections.
$\square$ barriers shall be provided between devices and bus compartment.
$\square$ barriers shall be provided between individual devices.

## G. Main Protective Devices (Select one of Item G)

The main protective device, to be installed in the main device section, shall be as indicated below:

## G1. Molded Case Circuit Breaker

Molded case circuit breaker shall be of the quick-make, quick-break, trip-free, (standard) (High Interrupting) (Current Limiting) (solid state Sensitrip III) type. It shall be $\qquad$ frame (2-pole) (3-pole) 600-volt breaker with a trip current rating of:400 A
$\square 1600 \mathrm{~A}$
600 A 2000 A
800 A
1000 A
1200 A
of an interrupting capacity of not less
than $\qquad$ amperes RMS symmetrical at the system voltage.
The following accessory features are to be included:Shunt trip
Electrical Operator
Ground fault relay
Long time (Sensitrip III only)
Long time delay (Sensitrip III only) Short time (Sensitrip III only) Short time delay (Sensitrip III only) Integral ground fault (Sensitrip III only) Other $\qquad$ (list)

## G2. Fusible Switch

Fusible switch of the quick-make, quickbreak type. It shall be a (2-pole) (3-pole) (240V) (600V) Vacu-Break unit with a continuous current rating of (400) (600) (800) (1200) amperes and with ampere Class $\qquad$ fuses, suitable
for application on a system with
$\qquad$ amperes symmetrical available fault current.

## G3. Bolted Pressure Switch

Bolted pressure switch of the quickmake, quick-break type. It shall be a (2-pole) (3-pole) ( 240 V ) ( 600 V ) unit with a continuous current rating of:
$\square 800 \mathrm{~A}$
$\square 1200 \mathrm{~A}$
$\square 1600 \mathrm{~A}$
$\square 2000 \mathrm{~A}$
2500 A
$\square 3000 \mathrm{~A}$
$\square 4000 \mathrm{~A}$
and with $\qquad$ ampere Class $L$ fuses
suitable for application on a system with
$\qquad$ amperes symmetrical available

## fault current.

The following accessory features are to be included:Shunt trip
$\square$ Ground fault relay
$\square$ Other $\qquad$ (list)

## G4. Insulated Case Circuit Breaker

Insulated case circuit breaker with a stationary frame. Frame size to be ampere 3-pole, 600-volt with a
trip current rating of:
$\begin{array}{ll}\text { trip current rating of: } \\ \square 400 \mathrm{~A} & \square 2000 \mathrm{~A} \\ \square 600 \mathrm{~A} & \square 2500 \mathrm{~A} \\ \square 800 \mathrm{~A} & \square 3000 \mathrm{~A} \\ \square 1000 \mathrm{~A} & \square \boxed{A}\end{array}$
1200 A
1600 A

It shall be a manually operated breaker with a solid state trip device, and an interrupting capacity of not less than amperes RMS symmetrical at the system voltage.
The following accessory features are to be included:
$\square$ Short time delay
Integral ground fault trip
Fault trip indicator
Other $\qquad$ (list)
G5. Low Voltage Power Circuit Breaker
Low voltage power circuit breaker with a (stationary) (drawout) frame and a current rating of:


It shall be (manually) (electrically) operated power circuit breaker with a Electronic Trip Unit and an interrupting capacity of $\qquad$ amperes RMS
symmetrical at the system voltage.
The following accessory features are to be included:

```
\(\square\) Short time delay
\(\square\) Integral ground fault trip
\(\square\) Fault trip indicator
\(\square\) Other
``` \(\qquad\)
``` (list)
```


## H. Branch Protective Devices (Select as necessary)

All molded case circuit breakers, fusible switches, insulated case circuit breakers, bolted pressure switches, low voltage power circuit breaker, and/or motor starter units used as a protective device in a branch circuit will meet the requirements of the appropriate paragraph below.

## H1. Molded Case Circuit Breaker

Molded case circuit breakers shall be of quick-make, quick-break, trip-free (thermal magnetic type) (current limiting) (solid state) with frame, trip and voltage rating, either 2-pole or 3-pole, as indicated on the plans. All breakers shall have an interrupting capacity of not less than amperes RMS symmetrical at the system voltage. All breakers shall be removable from the front of the
switchboard without distributing adjacent units. The switchboard shall have space or provisions for future units shown on the plans.

## H2. Current Limiting Circuit Breaker

Current limiting circuit breakers shall provide inverse time delay, instantaneous circuit protection, and also limit the let-through $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{t}}$ to a value less than $\mathrm{I}^{2}$ of one-half cycle wave of the symmetrical prospective current without any fusible elements. Breakers shall have an interrupting capacity of not less than $\qquad$ ampere RMS symmetrical at the system voltage.

## H3. Fusible Switch

Fusible switches shall be quick-make, quick-break units utilizing the double-break principle of circuit rupturing to minimize arcing and pitting and shall conform to the ratings shown on the plans.
Each switch shall have an individual door over the front, equipped with a voidable interlock that prevents the door from being opened when the switch is in the ON position unless the interlock is purposely defeated by activation of the voiding mechanism. All switches shall have externally operated handles. Switches shall be equipped with (Class R rejection type) fuse holders and Class (J) (R) or (L) fuses of ampere rating and type as indicated on the plans suitable for application on system with $\qquad$ amperes symmetrical available fault current.

## H4. Bolted Pressure Switch

Each bolted pressure switch shall be the quick-make, quick-break type, equipped with Class $L$ fuses suitable for application on a system with $\qquad$ amperes symmetrical available fault current. Ampere rating to be as shown on the plans.

## H5. Insulated Case Circuit Breaker

FCII Switchboards only
Each insulated case circuit breaker shall be manually operated with solid state trip device. Frame sizes and trip ratings to be as shown on the plans. All breakers to have an interrupting capacity of not less than $\qquad$ amperes symmetrical at the rated voltage.

## H6. Low Voltage Power Air Circuit Breaker

FCII Switchboards only
Each low voltage power air circuit breaker shall be (stationary mounted) (drawout mounted) stored energy type, trip free, (manually operated) (electrically operated) with solid-state trip device. Frame sizes and trip ratings to be as shown on the plans. All breakers to have an interrupting capacity of no less than $\qquad$ amperes symmetrical at the rated voltage.

## Sentron® ${ }^{\circledR}$ SMP, FCI, FCII Switchhoards

Modifications and Additions Replacements for Circuit Breakers and Fusible Switches ${ }^{\ominus}$ Selection
Connecting Strap Kits for use with Circuit Breakers in Distribution Sections ${ }^{\text {®®®® }}$ (Table 15)

| Breaker Type | Catalogue Number | Unit Height | Mounting |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| BQ, BQH, HB, BL, BLH, HBL | 6BL2C(23) ${ }^{\text {( }}$ | 3.75" (95) | Twin |
| NGB2, HGB2, LGB2 | SGB2DCAN | 3.75" (95) | Twin |
| ED2, ED4, ED6, HED4 | 6E62(1)(3) | 3.75" (95) | Twin |
| CED6 | 6CLE2 ${ }^{1}$ | 3.75" (95) | Twin |
| 3VA41 | S3VA41TDCAN | 3.75" (95) | Twin |
|  | S3A41TDHDCAN ${ }^{(5)}$ | 7.50" (191) | Twin, High Density |
| 3VA61 | S3VA52TDCAN ${ }^{(3)}$ | 5" (127) | Twin |
| QR2, QR2H, HQR2, HQR2H | 6QR2CAN ${ }^{(1)}$ | 5" (127) | Twin |
| FXD6, FD6, HFD6, HHFD6 | 6F62 ${ }^{\text {1 }}$ | 5" (127) | Twin |
| CFD6 | 6CLF1C ${ }^{\text {(5) }}$ | 5" (127) | Single |
| 3VA52, 3VA62 | S3VA52TDCAN ${ }^{(3)}$ | 5" (127) | Twin |
| JXD6, JD6, HJD6, HHJD6 | 6JJ62 ${ }^{\text {® }}$ | 8.75" (222) | Twin |
| SJD6, SHJD6 | 6SJL1C ${ }^{\text {(5) }}$ | 8.75" (222) | Single |
| CJD6 | 6CLJ1C ${ }^{\text {(5) }}$ | 8.75" (222) | Single |
| LXD6, LD6, HLD6, HHLD6, SLD6, SHLD6 | 6LL61C ${ }^{(5)}$ | 8.75" (222) | Single |
| CLD6, SCJD6 | 6CLL1C ${ }^{\text {5 }}$ | 8.75" (222) | Single |
| SCJD6, SCLD6 | 6SCL61C ${ }^{\text {® }}$ | 8.75" (222) | Single |
| MXD6, MD6, HMD6, CMD6, SHMD6, SCMD6 | 6M61C ${ }^{\text {® }}$ | 10" (254) | Single |
| NXD6, ND6, HND6, CND6, SHND6, SCND6 | 6N61C ${ }^{5}$ | 10" (254) | Single |

Connecting Strap Kits for use with
VB, VK or HCP Switches in Distribution
Sections ${ }^{(48(1)(4)}$ (Table 16)

| Rating Amperes | VB Switch Cat. No. | VB Switch Cat. No. | HCP Switch Cat. No. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 30/30 | VB6-71 | VK6-57 | N/A |
| 60/60 |  |  |  |
| 100/100 |  | VK6-58 |  |
| 200 |  | N/A |  |
| 200/200 | N/A | VK6-72 |  |
| 400-600 | VB6-150 | N/A |  |
| 800-1200 | N/A |  | F6162DCAN |

Metering Switch for
FCI Metering Switchboards ${ }^{(11}$ (46"W)

| Ampere <br> Rating | 600V Metering Switch <br> (c/w Meter Socket) | Height- <br> Inches (mm) |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $30 / 30$ | V7E3611JMC7 | $10^{\prime \prime}(254)$ |
| $60 / 60$ | V7E3622JMC7 | $10^{\prime \prime}(254)$ |
| 100/100 | V7E3633JMC7 | $10^{\prime \prime}(254)$ |
| 200 | V7F3604JMC7 | $17.5^{\prime \prime}(444.5)$ |

Blank Filler Plates for Distribution Switch or Circuit Breaker ${ }^{\circledR}$ (Table 17)

| For use with SMP Switchboards. |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| Height - <br> Inches (mm) | Catalogue <br> Number |
| $1.25^{\prime \prime}(32)$ | 6FPB01 |
| $2.50^{\prime \prime}(64)$ | 6FPB02 |
| $3.75^{\prime \prime}(95)$ | 6FPB03 |
| $5.00^{\prime \prime}(127)$ | 6FPB05 |
| $10.00^{\prime \prime}(254)$ | 6FPB10 |
| $15.00^{\prime \prime}(381)$ | 6FPB15 |

## Shunt Trip on Main or Branch

| Description | Cat. Number |
| :--- | :--- |
| BL, BQD6 (branch only) | See breaker <br> ED2, ED4, HED4 (branch only) <br> portion of this <br> catalogue${ }^{\text {All others through 1200A }}$ |

## 3VA Breaker Provision Kits

| Breaker Type | Cat. Number | Description |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 3VA52, 3VA61 or <br> 3VA62 Breaker | S3VA52PRCAN | Only required when installing a 3VA52, 3VA61, or 3VA62 breaker to an <br> existing provision in the field. Parts are included with kit S3VA52TDCAN. |

(1) These are aluminum connectors. If copper is required please add suffix C
(2) $3.75^{\prime \prime}$ (95) plate accommodates six 1-pole breakers.
(3) 10" (254) plate accommodates eighteen 1-pole breakers.
(4) Connector kits also accommodate S5, F2, CDP6 Panelboards, FCRS, FCl and FCII distribution interiors or CDP6/SPP6 Series Panels
(5) These connectors are available in copper only.
(6) Blank (Circuit Breaker or Switch) Cover Plates can also be used in FCl and FCII distribution interiors or CDP6/SPP6 Series Panels.
(7) Please refer to the respective section in the catalogue for detailed circuit breaker or switch information.
(8) Mounting kits include connector straps and covers (breakers or switches are not included).
(9) Refer to Siemens for units equipped with auxiliary switches (10) Connecting strap kits include connecting straps, hardwares, and cover plates for switchboards and power panels. Breakers and switches to be ordered separately.
(11) Metering switch kits include metering switches,
cover plates, connecting straps, and hardware.
(12) QR filler plates only: 6QR2FKCAN. For copper QR kit, use $\mathrm{p} / \mathrm{n}$ : 6QR2CCAN.
(3) To field install a single 3VA52, 3VA61 or 3VA62 breaker to an existing strap, provision kit $\mathrm{p} / \mathrm{n}$ : S3VA52PRCAN is required.
(44) The fusible switches and connecting strap kits are designed for standard $38^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{W}$ sections. Additional covers are required for
wider sections. Please consult your local sales contact.
(55) High Density Kit, requires 7.50" Unit Space to fit QTY (6) 2 Pole breakers.

Circuit Breaker Accessories
Handle Blocking Device Blocks handle in either the "ON" or "OFF" position. Available for:

| Breaker Type | Cat. Number |
| :--- | :--- |
| BL, BLH, HBL, BQ, BQH, <br> HBQ | ECQL1 |
| All BQD, GB | BQDHBD |
| All QR | HPLQR |
| All BQD, NGB, NGB2, <br> HGB2, LGB2 | BQDHBD |
| All ED | E2HBL |
| All FD | FD6HB1 |
| All JD, LD | JD6HBL |
| All MD, ND, PD | MN6BL |
| 3VA52/61/62 | 3VA93780LB10 |

Padlocking Device - Padlocks in "OFF" position. Available for:

| Breaker Type | Cat. Number |
| :--- | :--- |
| BQ, BQH, BL, BLH, HBL | ECQLD3 |
| One Pole BL, BLF, BE, BAF | ECPLD1 |
| Two-Pole BL, BLF, BE | ECPLD2 |
| All QR | HPLQR |
| All BQD, NGB, NGB2, <br> HGB2, LGB2 | BQDPLD |
| All ED | ED2HPL |
| All FD | FD6PL1 |
| All JD, LD | JD6HPL |
| All MD, ND, PD, RD | MN6PLD |
| 3VA41 | 3VA90380LB11 |
| 3VA52/61/62 | 3VA91380LB11 |

Handle Extensions - For replacement (one extension shipped with breaker)

| Breaker Types | Cat. Number |
| :--- | :--- |
| All MD, ND, PD | EX11 |

Ground Fault Sensing Relay Kit
Equipment Protection ( $\mathbf{3 0} \mathrm{mA}$ )

| For Use with <br> Breaker Types | Number <br> of Poles | Cat. Number <br> Description |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| ED4, ED6, <br> HED4 | $1,2,3$ | See breaker portion <br> of this catalogue |

VK Switch For Use With FPP6 Panelboards ${ }^{(1)}$

| $30 / 30$ | VK23611JP | $6.25(159)$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $60 / 60$ | VK23622JP | $6.25(159)$ |
| $100 / 100$ | VK33633JP | $7.5(90)$ |
| $200 / 200$ | VK73644JP | $10(254)$ |

VB Switch For Use With VB6 Panelboards ${ }^{(1)}$

| $30 / 30$ | V7E3611JP | $7.5(190)$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $60 / 60$ | V7E3622JP | $75(190)$ |
| $100 / 100$ | V7E3633JP | $7.5(190)$ |
| 200 | V7F3604JP | $10(254)$ |
| 400 | V7H3605JP | $15(381)$ |
| 600 | V7H3606JP | $15(381)$ |

## Sentron® ${ }^{\circledR}$ FI, FCII Switchhoards

Protective Devices - Sentron ${ }^{\text {TM }}$ Molded Case Circuit Breakers

## Standard

Breakers are designed for commercial, industrial, institutional and other heavy duty applications. They are rated up to 600 V ac and 250 V DC. Their interrupting ratings are higher than normal duty breakers.

## High Interrupting

Breakers are designed for heavy duty applications where the interrupting requirements exceed the ratings of heavy duty breakers. They are rated up to 600V ac and 250V DC.

## Current Limiting

Breakers are molded case breakers that incorporate the exclusive I-T-E blow-apart interruption principle. They meet the US-NEC requirements for current-limiting breakers. Currentlimiting circuit breakers can limit the let-through $\mathrm{I}^{2} \mathrm{t}$ to a value less than the $I^{2} \mathrm{t}$ of one-half cycle wave of the symmetrical prospective current without any fusible elements when operating within their current-limiting range.

## Branch Circuit Breakers

| Breaker Frame Rating | Trip Type | Breaker Type | Poles | Trip Amperage | Mounting Height Inches (mm) |  |  | Max IC Rating (kA) |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  | Single | Twin | Gutter ${ }^{(5)}$ | 240V | 480V | 600 V |
| 100 | Thermal Magnetic | BL <br> BLH <br> HBL <br> BQD6(4) | $\begin{array}{r} 1,2,3 \\ 1,2,3 \\ 1,2,3 \\ 1,2,3 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $15,20,25,30,40,50,60,70,80,90,100$ $15,20,25,30,40,50,60,70,80,90,100$ $15,20,25,30,40,50,60,70,80,90,100$ $15,20,30,40,50,60,70$ | $\begin{aligned} & - \\ & - \\ & - \\ & - \end{aligned}$ | $3.75(95)(2) 3$ $3.75(95)(23$ $3.75(95)(2) 3$ $3.75(95)(2)^{3}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 14(356) \\ & 14(356) \\ & 14(356) \\ & 14(356) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 10 \\ & 22 \\ & 65 \\ & 65 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & - \\ & - \\ & - \\ & - \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & - \\ & - \\ & \hline 10 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |
|  | Ground Fault Circuit Interrupter | BLE (GFCI) BLF (GFCI) BLHF (GFCI) | $\begin{aligned} & 1,2 \\ & 1,2 \\ & 1,2 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 15,20,30,40,50,60 \\ & 15,20,30,40,50,60 \\ & 15,20,30,40,50,60 \end{aligned}$ | - | $\begin{aligned} & 3.75(95)^{(2)} \\ & 3.75(95)^{2} \\ & 3.75(95)^{(2)} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 14(356) \\ & 14(356) \\ & 14(356) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 10 \\ & 10 \\ & 22 \end{aligned}$ | $-$ | $-$ |
|  | Arc Fault Circuit Interrupter | $\begin{array}{\|l} \hline \text { BAF (AFCI) } \\ \text { BAFH (AFCI) } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 1 \\ 1 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 15,20 \\ 15,20 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $-$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3.75(95)^{(2)} \\ & 3.75(95)^{(2)} \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 14(356) \\ 14(356) \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l} 10 \\ 22 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | - | \|- |
| 125 | Thermal Magnetic | ED2 ED4 ED6 HED4 CED6 NGB2 HGB2 LGB2 3VA41 (SEAB) 3VA41 (MEAB) 3VA41 (HEAB) | $1,2,3$ $1,2,3$ 1,2 $1,2,3$ 2,3 $1,2,3$ $1,2,3$ $1,2,3$ $1,2,3$ $1,2,3$ $1,2,3$ | $15,20,30,35,40,50,60,70,80,90,100$ $15,20,30,35,40,50,60,70,80,90,100,110,125$ $15,20,30,35,40,50,60,70,80,90,100,110,125$ $15,20,30,35,40,50,60,70,80,90,100,110,125$ $15,20,30,35,40,50,60,70,80,90,100,110,125$ $15,20,25,30,35,40,50,60,70,80,90,100,110,125$ $15,20,25,30,35,40,50,60,70,80,90,100,110,125$ $15,20,25,30,35,40,50,60,70,80,90,100,110,125$ $15,20,25,30,35,40,45,50,60,70,80,90,100,110,125$ $15,20,25,30,35,40,45,50,60,70,80,90,100,110,125$ $15,20,25,30,35,40,45,50,60,70,80,90,100,110,125$ |  |  | $10(254)$ <br> $10(254)$ <br> $10(254)$ <br> $10(254)$ <br> $7.61(193)$ <br> $13.98(355)$ <br> $13.98(355)$ <br> $13.98(355)$ <br> $13.98(355)$ <br> $13.98(355)$ <br> $13.98(355)$ | 10 65 100 100 200 100 100 100 65 85 150 | - 18 18 65 200 25 35 65 25 35 65 | - - -18 30 100 14 22 25 14 18 25 |
| 150 | Electronic (Solid State) | 3VA61 (MDAE) 3VA61 (HDAE) 3VA61 (CDAE) 3VA61 (LDAE) | $\begin{array}{\|l} \hline 3 \\ 3 \\ 3 \\ 3 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $40,100,150$ $40,100,150$ $40,100,150$ $40,100,150$ | $\begin{aligned} & 5(127) \\ & 5(127) \\ & 5(127) \\ & 5(127) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 5(127) \\ & 5 \\ & 5 \\ & 5 \\ & 5(127) \\ & 5 \\ & 5(127) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 9.59(244) \\ 9.59(244) \\ 9.59(244) \\ 9.59(244) \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 100 \\ 100 \\ 200 \\ 200 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 35 \\ & 65 \\ & 100 \\ & 100 \\ & 10 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l} \hline 18 \\ 22 \\ 35 \\ 50 \\ \hline \end{array}$ |
| 225 | Thermal Magnetic | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { QR2 } \\ & \text { QRH2 } \\ & \text { HQR2 } \\ & \text { HQR2H } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 2,3 \\ & 2,3 \\ & 2,3 \\ & 2,3 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $100,110,125,150,175,200,225$ $100,110,125,150,175,200,225$ $100,110,125,150,175,200,225$ $100,110,125,150,175,200,225$ | $\begin{aligned} & 5(127) \\ & 5(127) \\ & 5(127) \\ & 5(127) \end{aligned}$ | $5(127)$ 5 $5(127)$ $5(127)$ 5 5 | $8.75(222)$ $8.75(222)$ $8.75(222)$ $8.75(222)$ $8.85(210)$ | $\begin{aligned} & 10 \\ & 25 \\ & 65 \\ & 100 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & - \\ & - \\ & - \\ & - \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & - \\ & - \\ & - \end{aligned}$ |
| 250 | Thermal Magnetic | FXD6, FD6 <br> HFD6 <br> CFD6 <br> 3VA52 (MFAS) <br> 3VA52 (HFAS) <br> 3VA52 (CFAS) | 2,3 2,3 2,3 2,3 2,3 2,3 | $70,80,90,100,110,125,150,175,200,225,250$ <br> $70,80,90,100,110,125,150,175,200,225,250$ <br> $70,80,90,100,110,125,150,175,200,225,250$ <br> $40,45,50,60,70,80,90,100,110,125,150,175,200,225,250$ <br> $40,45,50,60,70,80,90,100,110,125,150,175,200,225,250$ <br> $40,45,50,60,70,80,90,100,110,125,150,175,200,225,250$ | $\begin{aligned} & 5(127) \\ & 5(127) \\ & - \\ & 5(127) \\ & 5 \\ & 5 \\ & 5(127) \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | 5 (127) 5 (127) 5 (127) $5(127)$ $5(127)$ $5(127)$ | $8.25(210)$ <br> $8.25(210)$ <br> $11.76(299)$ <br> $10.10(257)$ <br> $10.10(257)$ <br> $10.10(257)$ | $\begin{aligned} & 65 \\ & 100 \\ & 200 \\ & 85 \\ & 100 \\ & 200 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 35 \\ & 65 \\ & 200 \\ & 35 \\ & 65 \\ & 100 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | 22 25 100 18 25 35 |
|  | Electronic (Solid State) | 3VA62 (MFAE) <br> 3VA62 (HFAE) <br> 3VA62 (CFAE) <br> 3VA62 (LFAE) | $\begin{array}{\|l} \hline 3 \\ 3 \\ 3 \\ 3 \\ 3 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 100,250 \\ & 100,250 \\ & 100,250 \\ & 100,250 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 5(127) \\ & 5(127) \\ & 5(127) \\ & 5(127) \end{aligned}$ | $5(127)$ <br> $5(127)$ <br> 5 <br> 5 <br> $5(127)$ <br> $875(222)$ | $\begin{aligned} & 9.59(244) \\ & 9.59(244) \\ & 9.59(244) \\ & 9.59(244) \\ & \hline 799(201) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 100 \\ & 100 \\ & 200 \\ & 200 \\ & \hline 65 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 35 \\ 65 \\ 65 \\ 100 \\ 150 \\ \hline 35 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 18 \\ & 22 \\ & 35 \\ & 50 \\ & \hline 25 \end{aligned}$ |
| 400 | Thermal Magnetic | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline \text { JXD6, JD6 } \\ \text { HJD6 } \\ \text { HHJD6 } \\ \text { CJD6 } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | 2,3 <br> 2,3 <br> 2,3 <br> 2,3 | $200,225,250,300,350,400$ $200,225,250,300,350,400$ $200,225,250,300,350,400$ $200,225,250,300,350,400$ | $8.75(222)$ <br> $8.75(222)$ <br> $885(222)$ <br> $8.75(222)$ <br> $8.75(222)$ |  | $7.92(201)$ <br> $7.92(201)$ <br> $7.92(201)$ <br> $12(305)$ <br> $13.42(31)$ | 65 <br> 100 <br> 200 <br> 200 | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 35 \\ 65 \\ 100 \\ 150 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 25 \\ & 35 \\ & 50 \\ & 100 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |
|  | Electronic (Solid State) | SJD6 SHJD6 SCJD6 NJG LJG | $\begin{array}{\|l} \hline 3 \\ 3 \\ 3 \\ 3 \\ 3 \\ 3 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 200,300,400 \\ & 200,300,400 \\ & 200,300,400 \\ & 250,400 \\ & 250,400 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 8.75(222) \\ & 8.75(222) \\ & 8.75(222) \\ & 6.25(159) \\ & 6.25(159) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|lll\|} \hline- & \\ - \\ - & \\ 6.25 & (159) \\ 6.25 & (159) \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $13.42(341)$ $13.42(341)$ $12(305)$ $8(203)$ $8(203)$ | $\begin{aligned} & 65 \\ & 100 \\ & 200 \\ & 65 \\ & 200 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 35 \\ 65 \\ 150 \\ 35 \\ 100 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 25 \\ & 35 \\ & 100 \\ & 25 \\ & 25 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |
| 600 | Thermal Magnetic | LXD6 LD6 HLD6 HHLD6 CLD6 | 2,3 2,3 2,3 2,3 2,3 | $450,500,600$ $250,300,350,400,450,500,600$ $250,300,350,400,450,500,600$ $250,300,350,400,450,500,600$ $450,500,600$ | $8.75(222)$ <br> $8.75(222)$ <br> $8.75(222)$ <br> $8.75(222)$ <br> $8.75(222)$ | $-$ | $13.42(341)$ $13.42(341)$ $13.42(341)$ $13.42(341)$ $12(305)$ | 65 65 100 200 200 | 35 35 65 100 150 | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 25 \\ 25 \\ 35 \\ 50 \\ 100 \\ \hline \end{array}$ |
|  | Electronic (Solid State) | $\begin{aligned} & \text { SLD6 } \\ & \text { SHLD6 } \\ & \text { SCLD6 } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l} \hline 3 \\ 3 \\ 3 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $300,400,500,600$ $300,400,500,600$ $300,400,500,600$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 8.75(222) \\ 8.75(222) \\ 8.75(222) \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\left.\right\|_{-} ^{-}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l} \hline 13.42(341) \\ 13.42(341) \\ 12(305) \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 65 \\ & 100 \\ & 200 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 35 \\ 65 \\ 150 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 25 \\ 35 \\ 100 \\ \hline \end{array}$ |
| 800 | Thermal Magnetic |  | $\begin{aligned} & 2,3 \\ & 2,3 \\ & 2,3 \\ & 2,3 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | 500, 600, 700, 800 500, 600, 700, 800 500, 600, 700, 800 500, 600, 700, 800 | $\begin{aligned} & 10(254) \\ & 10(254) \\ & 10(254) \\ & 10(254) \end{aligned}$ | $\left.\right\|_{-} ^{-}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 13(330) \\ & 13(330) \\ & 13(330) \\ & 13(330) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 65 \\ & 65 \\ & 100 \\ & 200 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 50 \\ & 50 \\ & 65 \\ & 100 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 25 \\ & 25 \\ & 50 \\ & 65 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |
|  | Electronic (Solid State) | SMD6 SHMD6 SCMD6 | $\begin{aligned} & 3 \\ & 3 \\ & 3 \\ & 3 \end{aligned}$ | 600, 700, 800 <br> 600, 700, 800 <br> 600, 700, 800 | $\begin{aligned} & 10(254) \\ & 10(254) \\ & 10(254) \end{aligned}$ | $\left.\right\|_{-} ^{-}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 12(305) \\ & 12(305) \\ & 12(305) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 65 \\ & 100 \\ & 200 \end{aligned}$ | 50 <br> 65 <br> 100 | 25 50 65 |
| 1200 | Thermal Magnetic | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { NXD6 } \\ & \text { ND6 } \\ & \text { HND6 } \\ & \text { CND6 } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 2,3 \\ & 2,3 \\ & 2,3 \\ & 2,3 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $800,900,1000,1200$ $800,900,1000,1200$ $800,900,1000,1200$ $800,900,1000,1200$ | $\begin{aligned} & 10(254) \\ & 10(254) \\ & 10(254) \\ & 10(254) \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\mid-$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 13(330) \\ 13(330) \\ 13(330) \\ 13(330) \\ \hline 10 \end{array}$ | 65 <br> 65 <br> 100 <br> 200 | 50 50 65 100 | $\begin{aligned} & 25 \\ & 25 \\ & 50 \\ & 65 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |
|  | Electronic (Solid State) | SND6 SHND6 SCND6 | $\begin{array}{\|l\|l} 3 \\ 3 \\ 3 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $800,1000,1200$ $800,1000,1200$ $800,1000,1200$ | $\begin{aligned} & 10(254) \\ & 10(254) \\ & 10(254) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & - \\ & - \\ & - \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 12(305) \\ & 12(305) \\ & 12(305) \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 65 \\ & 100 \\ & 200 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 50 \\ 65 \\ 100 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 25 \\ & 50 \\ & 65 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |

(1) Space includes housing frame plate with blank cover plate. Provision includes all necessary mounting hardware, less circuit breaker, and includes housing frame cover plate with breaker handle opening.
(2) 1 to 6 poles may be mounted in $3.75^{\prime \prime}$ (95) of unit space (3) Accessories such as shunt trips on three pole breakers
require $6.25^{\prime \prime}$ (159) of unit space.
(4) Also 10 kA at $600 \mathrm{Y} / 347$ Volts.

# Sentron® ${ }^{\text {FCI, }}$ FCII Switchhoards 

Protective Devices - Solid State Sensitripim Molded Case Circuit Breakers

The Sentron Sensitrip IV circuit breaker is a true RMS current sensing device. Digital microprocessor circuitry within the electronic trip unit provides more precise control over the circuit breaker functions. This control allows circuit coordination flexibility not available with thermal magnetic circuit breakers.

Functions available in Sentron Sensitrip circuit breakers

| Catalogue <br> Number <br> Suffix | Trip Type | Cont <br> Current <br> Setting | Long Time Delay | Instantaneous Pickup | Short Time Pickup | Short <br> Time <br> Fixed <br> Delay | Short <br> Time <br> 12t <br> Delay | Ground <br> Fault <br> Pickup | Ground <br> Fault <br> Delay |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| LI | LI | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| LIG | LIG | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ |  |  |  | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ |
| LSI | LSI | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ |  |  |
| LSIG | LSIG | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ |

Typical Trip Unit Labeling and Adjustment Positions for the Sentron Sensitrip Circuit Breaker.


## LIG Trip Units ${ }^{\text {(1) }}$



LSI Trip Units ${ }^{\text {® }}$


LSIG Trip Units ${ }^{\text {® }}$

$I_{n}=$ Maximum circuit breaker ampere rating
$I_{r}=$ Continuous current rating expressed in amperes
$I_{i}=$ Instantaneous pickup expressed in amperes
$I_{s d}=$ Short time pickup expressed in multiples of $I_{r}$
$I_{g}=$ Ground fault pickup expressed in amperes
$\mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{sd}}=$ Short time delay - either fixed or $\mathrm{I}^{2} \mathrm{t}$ time delay function
$t_{l d}=$ Long time delay $-I^{2} t$ time delay function
$t_{g}=$ Ground fault delay $-I^{2} \mathrm{t}$ time delay function
(1) Schematic of advanced trip unit shown. Basic trip units
are identical but do not include DAS / Maintenance
Mode functionality.

## Sentron® ${ }^{\circledR}$ FI, FCII Switchhoards

## Protective Devices - Fusible Switches

## VK and VB (Vacu-Break) Fusible Switches

All VK and Vacu-Break fusible switches include voidable cover interlock; quick-make, quick-break operation; positive ON-OFF action; padlockable (at ON or OFF) handle design; VacuBreak arc control (i.e., enclosed arc chamber, double-break magnetic arc blowout); clampmatic pressure spring force on closed contacts; springreinforced fuse holders. The VK switch is a true visible contact design.
Accessory devices and modifications available for 250 -volt switches ( 30 amps to 600 amps): Class $R$ and class J rejection type fuse holders are available for all units. For 600-volt switches ( 30 amps to 600 amps ): Class R rejection type fuse holders, Class J fuse holders; ( 100 amps to 600 amps ) Class T fuse holders.

## Bolted Pressure Switches

These switches are suitable for use on systems capable of delivering fault current up to 200,000 amps symmetrical RMS when equipped with Class L fuses. All bolted pressure switches include fuse door interlock; quick-make, quick-break operation; bolted pressure force on closed contact; padlockable (in the "open" position only) handle.
Accessories and modifications available: shunt trip (electrical openmanual close). 120 V ac standard control voltage: electrical operator (electrical open and close), specify system voltage; ground fault relay (requires shunt trip); blown fuse trip (switch opens when any one fuse blows-requires shunt trip); blown fuse indicating lights; phase failure relay with capacitor trip (detects failure of any one phase and opens switchrequires shunt trip) specify system voltage; auxiliary contacts.

CSA Fuse Classes

| Class |  | Amperes | Volts (AC) | Interrupting Ratings | $\begin{gathered} I_{\mathrm{t}, \mathrm{Ip}} \\ \text { (Let-Thru) } \end{gathered}$ | Circuits |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| H | Standard Code | 1-600A | 250 and 600V or less | 10,000A | - | Less than 10,000A available |
| K ${ }^{(1)}$ | Fast Acting (One time) | 1-600A | 250 and 600 V or less | 50,000A | - | Feeder circuits |
| J | Fast Acting andTime Delay | 1-600A | 600 V or less | To 200,000A | Ip and $\mathrm{I}^{2}$ t-Low (motor load small \%) | Feeder circuits <br> Motor circuits |
| RK1 | Fast Acting andTime Delay | 1/10-600A | 600 V or less 250 V or less | To 200,000A | $\begin{aligned} & \text { I2t-Slightly > J } \\ & \text { Ip-Slightly }>\mathrm{J} \end{aligned}$ | Feeder circuits Motor circuits |
| RK5 | Fast Acting andTime Delay | 1/10-600A | 600 V or less 250 V or less | To 200,000A | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{I}^{2} \mathrm{t}->\text { RK-1 } \\ & \mathrm{Ip}->\text { RK-1 } \end{aligned}$ | Feeder circuits Motor circuits |
| $\underset{\text { (FORM II) }}{\text { C }}$ | Moderate Delay | 2-600A | 600 V or less | To 200,000A | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{I}^{2} \mathrm{t}-<\text { RK-5 } \\ & \text { Ip }-<\text { RK-5 } \end{aligned}$ | Motor circuits |
| T | Fast Acting | 1-600A | 300 and 600 V or less | To 200,000A | $\mathrm{I}^{2} \text { t-Low }$ Ip-Low | Non-motor loads |
| L | Fast Acting andTime Delay | 601-5000A | 600 V or less | To 200,000A Ip-Low | $1^{2}$ t-Low motor loads | Feeder circuits Motor circuits |

Branch Switches 600V Maximum

| Switch Type | Ampere <br> Rating | Maximum <br> Voltage | Fusing |
| :---: | :--- | :---: | :---: |
| VB/VK | $30 / 30 \mathrm{~A}$ |  |  |
| VB/VK | $60 / 60 \mathrm{~A}$ |  |  |
| VB/VK | $100 / 100 \mathrm{~A}$ |  | 600 V |
| VB | 200 A |  |  |
| VK | $200 / 200 \mathrm{~A}$ |  |  |
| VB | $400 \mathrm{~A}, 600 \mathrm{~A}$ |  |  |

(1) Refer to Siemens for Form II Class C applications.

Interrupting Ratings of Bolted Pressure Switches

| Max. System Voltage | Ampere Rating | Class L <br> Fuse Rating (Amps) | Fuse Interrupting Rating <br> (Sym. RMS Amps) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{aligned} & 240 \\ & \text { to } \\ & 600 \end{aligned}$ | 800 | 601, 700, 800 | 200,000 |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & 1200 \\ & 1600 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 1000,1200 \\ & 1500,1600 \end{aligned}$ |  |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & 2000 \\ & 2500 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1800,2000 \\ & 2500 \end{aligned}$ |  |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & 3000 \\ & 4000 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3000 \\ & 3500,4000 \end{aligned}$ |  |

Application Note: Lower rated fuses may be installed within any switch rating i.e.: 2000-amp fuse in 4000-amp switch.

## Sentron® ${ }^{\text {FCI, }}$ FCII Switchhoards

Protective Devices - HCP Switchboard Unit Disconnect Switches

## Features

- CSA Certified / UL Listed under file number E6849
- 800A-1200A switch design.
- Visible contacts.
- Field installable shunt trip and auxiliary switch accessory kits.
- Installs in existing Siemens switchboards and power panelboards.
- Suitable for use on systems with up to 200,000A available fault current, RMS symmetrical when equipped with Class J or Class L fuses.
- Mixes with other 30A through 600A switches, and 100 through 1200 amp frame breakers.
- Allows 800 A and 1200 A switches in standard 38 " wide distribution sections in either main or branch configurations.
- $16 \frac{1}{4}$ " mounting height is the smallest 1200A design in the industry, allowing up to 4 units in one vertical section.
- Field reversible horizontal mounting design for left or right hand cabling.



## 3-Pole, Horizontal Mount ${ }^{(1)}$

| Catalogue Number | Maximum <br> Ampere <br> Rating | Maximum Voltage Rating | Fuse Class | Dimensions (inches) |  |  | Horsepower Rating |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 240V |  | 480 V |  | 600V |  | $\begin{aligned} & 250 \mathrm{~V} \\ & \mathrm{DC} \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |
|  |  |  |  | H | L | D | Std | Max | Std | Max | Std | Max |  |
| HCP327HT | 800 | 240 | T | 16.25 | 17.22 | 7.38 | 100 | 250 | - | - | - | - | 50 |
| HCP367H | 800 | 600 | L | 16.25 | 17.22 | 7.38 | 100 | 250 | 200 | 500 | 250 | 500 | 50 |
| HCP328HT | 1200 | 240 | T | 16.25 | 17.22 | 7.38 | 100 | 250 | - | - | - | - | 50 |
| HCP368H | 1200 | 600 | L | 16.25 | 17.22 | 7.38 | 100 | 250 | 200 | 500 | 250 | 500 | 50 |

## 3-Pole, Vertical Mount

| HCP327VT | 800 | 240 | T | 17.00 | 16.25 | 7.38 | 100 | 250 | - | - | - | - |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| HCP367V | 800 | 600 | L | 17.00 | 16.25 | 7.38 | 100 | 250 | 200 | 500 | 250 | 500 |
| HCP328VT | 1200 | 240 | T | 17.00 | 16.25 | 7.38 | 100 | 250 | - | - | - | - |
| HCP368V | 1200 | 600 | L | 17.00 | 16.25 | 7.38 | 100 | 250 | 200 | 500 | 250 | 500 |

## Accessories

Terminal Connectors (one lug per kit) (2)

| Ampere <br> Rating | Catalogue <br> Number | Connector <br> Wire Range |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 800 A | TA3K500 | (3) \#1 AWG-500 kcmil (Cu or AI) |
| 800 A | TC3K350 | (3) \#1 AWG-350 kcmil (Cu only) |
| $800-1200 \mathrm{~A}$ | TA4H500 | (4) \#1 AWG-500 kcmil (Cu or AI) |
| $800-1200 \mathrm{~A}$ | TA3H750 | (3) $250-750 \mathrm{kcmil}$ (Cu or AI) |

## Auxiliary Switch Kits

| Contact <br> Ampere <br> Rating | Maximum Voltage |  | Switch Mounting | Contacts | Catalogue Number |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | AC | DC |  |  |  |
| 15A | 480 | 125 | Left Pole | 1NO/1NC | A01HCPL4 |
| 15A | 480 | 125 | Right Pole | 1NO/1NC | A01HCPR4 |
| 10A | 240 | 125 | Left Pole | 2NO/2NC | A01HCPL2 |

## Shunt Trip Kit

| Control Voltage |  | Catalogue <br> Number |
| :---: | :---: | :--- |
| AC | DC |  |
| 120 | - | HCPST240 |
| 240 | - | HCPST277 |
| 277 | - | HCPST480 |
| 480 | - | HCPST48 |
| - | 48 | HCPST125 |
| - | 125 |  |

Switchboard Connection Strap Kit ${ }^{\text {® }}$

| Switch <br> Ampere Rating | Catalogue <br> Number |
| :--- | :--- |
| $800-1200$ A | F6162DCAN |

## T Fuse Adapter Kits

| Catalogue <br> Number | Description |
| :--- | :---: |
| TFAK72 | $800 \mathrm{~A}, 300 \mathrm{~V} \mathrm{AC}$ |
| TFAK75 | $800 \mathrm{~A}, 600 \mathrm{~V} \mathrm{AC}$ |
| TFAK82 | $1200 \mathrm{~A}, 300 \mathrm{~V} \mathrm{AC}$ |

## Compression Lug Adapter Kit

The use of this kit provides for the mounting of up to four lugs per phase. Each kit accepts lugs with (2) $3 / 8^{\prime \prime}$ diameter mounting holes on $1^{\prime \prime}$ centres. One kit per pole line or load is required. Lugs are not provided.

| Ampere <br> Rating | Catalogue <br> Number |
| :--- | :--- |
| $800-1200 \mathrm{~A}$ | HCPCLP |

For inches / millimeters conversion, see Technical Section.

## Panelhoards

Type HCP Switchboard Units
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## Sentron® ${ }^{\text {FCl, }}$ FCII Switchhoards

## Metering Data

## User Metering

A full complement of switchboard instruments with appropriate current transformers, potential transformers and selector switches are available in all Siemens switchboards.
The meters and instrument switches are mounted on hinged panels with potential transformers and fuses located behind the door. Current transformers are mounted on the main bus or, in the case of branch feeder metering, at the load terminals of the branch protective device and normally do not require additional unit space.

## Siemens Digital Power Meters

The Siemens Digital Power Meters are provided as an option for FCl \& FCII switchboards. Please refer to the Power Monitoring Section in this catalogue for more information.

## Ammeters and Voltmeters (Analog)

Ammeters are switchboard type with $\pm 1 \%$ accuracy, 0 to 6000 amperes maximum. The included instrument switch will provide positions to read each phase and will include an OFF position. Panel type ammeters with $\pm 3 \%$ accuracy, 800 ampere maximum, can be furnished for branch feeder metering to conserve panel space.
Voltmeters are switchboard type with $\pm 1 \%$ accuracy, 0 to 600V $A C$. The included instrument switch provides positions to read each phase-to-phase voltage and each phase-to-neutral voltage and has an OFF position.

## Current Transformers / Potential Transformers

Potential transformers are recommended wherever the system voltage exceeds 150 volts AC phase-to-neutral to lower voltage levels for instrument switches and meters mounted on the switchboard front panel.

## Available CT Ratios - Ampere Rating

| $100: 5$ | $600: 5$ | $2500: 5$ |
| ---: | ---: | ---: |
| $150: 5$ | $800: 5$ | $3000: 5$ |
| $200: 5$ | $1000: 5$ | $4000: 5$ |
| $300: 5$ | $1200: 5$ | $5000: 5$ |
| $400: 5$ | $1500: 5$ | $6000: 5$ |
| $500: 5$ | $2000: 5$ |  |

## Number of CT's and or PT's required for Typical Meters Applied on Selected System Voltages

| System | Volts AC | Ammeter | Voltometer |  | Watthour Meter |  |  |  |  |  | Wattmeter |  | Varmeter |  | Power Factor Meter |  | Frequency Meter | Synchroscope |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  | 2 Element |  | 2.5 Element |  | 3 Element |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | P/T | Scale | C/T | P/T | C/T | P/T | C/T | P/T | C/T | P/T | C/T | P/T | C/T | P/T | PT | P/T |
| 1Ø3W | 120/240 | 2 | - | 0-300 | 2 | - | - | - | - | - | 2 | - | 2 | - | 1 | - | - | - |
| 3Ø3W | 240 | 2 | - | 0-300 | 2 | - | - | - | - | - | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 2 | - | 2 |
|  | 600 | 2 | 2 | 0-750 | 2 | 2 | - | - | - | - | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 2 |
| 3Ø4W | 120/240 | 3 | - | 0-300 | - | - | 3 | - | - | - | 3 | 2 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 2 | - | - |
|  | 120/208 | 3 | - | 0-300 | - | - | 3 | - | 3 | - | 3 | - | 3 | - | 1 | 2 | - | - |
|  | 347/600 | 3 | 3 | 0-750 | - | - | 3 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 2 |

## Integrated Power Systems Switchhoards

Type IPS

## Product Description

Siemens integrated power systems (IPS) switchboards integrate multiple pieces of electrical distribution equipment into a single assembly. The design results in reduced installation time, a reduced footprint and reduced labour risk for installation.

The modular design of the IPS switchboard allows it to be combined with standard service entrance or distribution switchboards if needed. Also, the IPS switchboard can be added to an existing switchboard lineup.

IPS switchboards have a wide range of applications and are commonly used in retail stores, offices, health care facilities and retrofits.

## Integrated Power Systems Switchboard Commonly Mounted Equipment



## Distribution sections

- Up to 2000A (full height)
- Up to 1200A (half height)



## Transformers

- Up to 300kVA (full height)
- Up to 112.5 kVA (half height)



## Panelboards

- P1 up to 250A
- P2 up to 600A

Features \& Benefits

## Features

- All standard FCI, FCII \& SMP Switchboard features
- Lighting panelboards
- Distribution transformers
- Half high distribution switchboard chassis
- Individually mounted breakers (cable in \& cable out)
- Auxiliary sections for surge devices, ACCESS power monitoring, contactors, relays, time clocks
- Customer equipment, etc.



## Integrated Power Systems Switchhoards

Type IPS

## Features \& Benefits (continued)

## Reduced Installation Time

IPS switchboards arrive at a jobsite with the components factory installed and wired. The result is significantly reduced installation time. The realized savings on installation result in lower labour costs which drops directly to the bottom line.

## Reduced Space Requirements

By integrating components that are typically individually mounted, the IPS switchboard can reduce the space requirements for typical electrical equipment installation by up to $40 \%$. This smaller footprint frees up valuable square footage that can be utilized by the building owner for other profitable uses.

## Reduced Installation Risk.

IPS switchboards are assembled at Siemens manufacturing plants with meticulous attention to details reinforced with strict testing procedures. This focus on quality ensures that problems encountered with traditional installations such as misinterpretation of drawings or field installation errors are eliminated. Utilizing IPS switchboards eliminates risks, enabling projects to come in on time and on budget.

Standards and Certifications

- CSA C22.2 No. 31
- Mounted panelboards built to UL67, NEMA PB-1 and CSA C22.2 No. 29
- Other equipment is CSA listed as applicable


## Additional Information

For complete application and pricing information contact your local Siemens sales office.

Integrated Power Systems Switchboard

## Optimized Electrical Room Layout



SEM3 System configured in Distribution Panels and Switchboards
The information below pertains to panelboard types S5 and switchboard types SMP, FCI, and FCII. SEM3 specifics to S5, SMP, FCl , and FClI are:

## SEM3 for use in Siemens Switchboards



## Controller

SEM3 controller is mounted in a low voltage compartment. Each controller can monitor up to 45 circuits. Applications that require monitoring more than 45 circuits will require additional controllers.

## Current Transformers (CTs)



Six sizes of CTs are available for use in S5, SMP, FCI and FCII applications: 50, 125, 250, 400, 600, and 1200 amp . All CTs are premounted to a support bracket that attaches to the interior. Each bracket supports a maximum of 3 CTs and is designed for the breaker selected (brackets are not interchangeable between breaker frames). Each CT will be attached to a data module that is placed in the meter racks.


## Meter Racks

All meter racks will be installed next to the SEM3 controller in unit space. The 21 space meter rack is used as a default option where possible.
NOTE: Monitoring of 45 circuits will require two 21 position racks and one 3 position rack

## Other Considerations

Configuration: Data modules from CTs monitoring a circuit breaker must be mounted adjacent to one another in the meter rack. Any field changes to the factory configuration must take this into account.

Start-up \& Commissioning: Siemens can provide these services. Contact your local SIEMENS Sales office for more details.

Notes


[^0]:    (1) Fuse clips do not prohibit the use of Class H type fuse in switch.
    (2) Refer to Siemens for single phase and DC horsepower requirements.

[^1]:    (1)Short circuit currents are calculated with impedences and kVA shown in this table.
    (2) Short circuit current contributions are calculated on the basis of motor characteristics that will produce four times no for 208 V and $100 \%$ motor assumed for 208 V and $100 \%$ motor load contribution is assumed for $240 \mathrm{~V}, 480 \mathrm{~V}$ and 600 V .
    (3) This Table has been prepared to list the symmetrical RMS fault current which is available at the secondary terminals of the transformer.

[^2]:    (1) Distribution section with two high 800 or 1200A Vacu-

    Break is 28 in. deep.

